The constant drop of water
Wears away the stone;
The constant bite of Towser
Masticates the bone;
The constant cooing lover
Carries off the maid,
And the constant advertiser
Always gets the trade.

Victoria Daily Times.

P — P
Accurate
Reliable
Accommodating
C. E. JONES,
36 Gov. St. Always open.
P — P

VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, JANUARY 30, 1893. NO. 24.

Important Notice

TO THE PUBLIC.

It has always been a rule with us to make a special sale at this time of the year, to clear out our stock before getting in our Spring and Summer Goods, thus always having clean goods for our customers; and we propose as this is our first sale of the kind in this city, to make it one long to be remembered. Our extra discount will be so large that it will pay to purchase though the goods are not required for a year to come. From time to time during the coming weeks we will announce the different lines of goods to be placed at a regular discount, and we wish all to understand that we will do exactly as we say. Those who have had former dealings with us already know that our regular prices are as low and lower than others, and in addition to this we offer for the next two weeks our entire stock of **Silverware and Clocks at a reduction of 30 per cent.**, regardless of cost. Our principle is to sell rather than to carry over, and it goes as we say. Notice will be given before this line is closed and another begun. Look for interesting information in this particular space for the next few weeks to come.

Challoner & Mitchell,

JEWELLERS,

27 Government St., Next door to Kerr & Begg's.

The Westside

As already stated is not selling every article at or under cost. During the past two weeks we have advertised and disposed of a very large quan ty of Winter Goods. While aware that many people think

The truly good and truly wise
Will never, never advertise!

Notwithstanding and nevertheless we are of opinion that when it has been decided that stock has to be sold it is very imprudent not to advertise, so we offer to-day (all of this season's importation): Eight Ladies' Jackets at $2.90, former price, $8.50 to $10.00; twenty-four at $4.90, regular $12 to $14; twelve at $5.75, usual $14 to $18; three silk-lined at $6.50, worth $21; thirteen Ladies' Dolmans at $1, worth $6.50 to $9; four at $3.50, reduced from $9.50 and $11; seven at $4.50, former price $11 to $16; thirteen Tweed Ulsters at $2.25, worth $10 to $19; twenty-three Colored Jerseys at $1 heretofore $3.25 to $4.50; seven hundred yards Double width Dress Goods at 40c., worth 75c. to 90c., and some other equally cheap lines. We have the Goods as described and will be glad to sell them at prices quoted, prior to stocktaking; but following the example of the immortal Sam Weller of Dickensonian fame, who when asked why he wrote such a short letter, replied—"She'll vish there vas more, and that's the great art o' letter writin'," we make our advertisement short, hoping that you will 'vish there vas more," and decide to come and see for yourself.

Yours truly,

J. Hutcheson & Co.

CUT and SLASH!

A Great Jewellery War.

WE are in the enviable position to be able to sell below any cuts that can be made by any other store. We state no special discounts, simply that we will sell cheaper than any other store possiby can. Call and see us. A goods marked in plain figures.

JACKSON & MYLIUS,

63 Government Street.

CITY OF PEKING OVERDUE.

Anxiety for the Safety of the Steamer City of Peking—History of the Three R's.

A 20,000 Pound Meteor Found in Texas—The California Pearl Fisheries Leased.

Train Wreckers at Work Near Spokane—Seattle Paralyzed by the Snow Storm.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 30.—The coal bunkers of the Peking hold a little over 1200 tons of coal. Her consumption is from 40 to 50 tons per day. This would give the steamer several days yet of coal, even if she had been running under a full head of steam. Should the Peking be disabled and an outside vessel pick her up, the salvage would be large, as the China steamer's cargo of raw silk, tea, rice and importations for the coming Chinese new year festivals is estimated in the neighborhood of $6,000,000. The steamer China, due here next Wednesday, is also coming over the southern route, and may pick up the overdue steamer, if anything has happened to her.

Attempted Train Wrecking.

SPOKANE, Jan. 30.—An attempt has been made to blow up the Union Pacific train near the depot, south of Palouse river, and near Colfax. Harold Doolittle and George Hamilton found a stick of dynamite beneath the track, and reported to the officials. Agent Erwin and Road Master Shaw went out and found a second stick after a short search, just before the train was due. There is a clue, which will probably lead to the arrest of the would-be wreckers.

The city had a narrow escape from destruction by fire on Sunday in the business centre. The Riverside building was almost destroyed; loss $25,000. Spokane Mercantile Company lost a stock of $50,000; insured for $40,000.

A Lesson in Punctuality.

TORONTO, Jan. 30.—An interesting and important point regarding the liability of banks for the action of their managers after banking hours, has been settled here. Dr. Allan, who lives near Lindsay, deposited a bond for several thousand dollars with Mr. Lindsay, manager of the branch of the Dominion Bank, for safe keeping. It was after hours when he called on the bank, but the manager, to oblige him, received it. Not long after, the manager absconded and left no trace of Dr. Allan's deposit. The latter sued the bank, which claimed that as the deposit was made after legal banking hours they were not responsible. Justice Rose last evening dismissed Dr. Allan's action.

American Gold for Europe.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—The steamship La Normandie, which sailed this morning for Havre, carried $3,350,000 in American gold coin. The gold shipments since January 1st, this year, aggregates $9,400,000, divided among the following shippers: Lazard Freres, $350,000; Heidelbach, Ickelheimer & Co., $310,000; Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., $,750,000; August Belmont & Co., $550,000, and Hoskier, Livingstone & Co., $500,000.

A Ten Ton Meteor.

SAN ANTONIO, Jan. 30. — Albert Haberle, of this city, has discovered a body of meteoric iron near here, and much interest has been excited in scientific circles over the find. It is estimated that the weight of the extinct meteor is 20,000 pounds. Prof. Gustave Jermih, a geologist, has just completed an assay of the iron, resulting as follows: In hundredths, ninety-seven and five-tenths per cent. pure iron, two per cent. nickle, and traces of cobaltum. Prof. Jermih has in his mineral collection several pieces of meteorites from Europe and also from Texas. One of them weighs about 10 pounds and was found in Magura, Hungary, and contains that rarest mineral, schisibersite.

Not Surprising.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—The Sun's Denver special says:—In San Francisco in March, 1890, when the California Athletic Club was trembling in the balance of public favor, a match was arranged between George LaBlanche, "The Marine," who is now in this city, and young Mitchell, which promised to strengthen the interest in boxing that had been weakened by the cry of "fake." The fight came off, and practically ended the interest in that club's affairs, for suspicion pointed unerringly to the contest having been thrown by LaBlanche. All efforts to get a confession from the Marine were unavailing. He maintained a dogged and determined silence, never saying more than "prove it." The contest was declared no contest, and all bets were called off. La Blanche was not only barred from the club, but letters were sent to every club in the country regarding the once great fighter. Yesterday La Blanche made a confession in which he acknowledged having thrown the fight to Mitchell.

The Cœur d'Alene Strike.

WASHINGTON, D.C., Jan. 30.—The case of Pettibonne, et al., the striking Cœur d'Alene miners in Idaho, is the special order before the Supreme Court of the United States to-day, having been advanced on the regular docket in consequence of the importance of the questions involved. Under ordinary circumstances it might not have been reached for a couple of years. The decision of the court will have a direct bearing upon the fate of the miners arrested for their connection with the strike.

The Hawaiian Revolution.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 30. — The steamer Australia, which leaves Honolulu on Wednesday of this week, will be due here on February 8th. Among her passengers, it is expected, will be the ex-Queen's attorney, Paul Newman, who will probably go at once to Washington to present her complaint against U.S. Minister Stevens. The next news from Hawaii will probably be brought by the Oriental steamer China, which has orders to stop at Honolulu and which is due here on Wednesday next.

Cancelling Concessions.

CITY OF MEXICO, Jan. 30.—An unprecedented number of valuable mining concessions have been cancelled by the government during the past three weeks, and the national treasury has been enriched by many thousand dollars, which amounts have been deposited by those to whom the forfeited concessions were granted. The concessions were mostly for mining zones in various parts of the republic.

Unfortunate Seattle.

SEATTLE, Jan. 30.—The second remarkably heavy snowstorm of this winter, about two feet, ceased at ten this forenoon, but more is predicted. It has interfered very much with the street car lines and considerably retarded business in general.

AT THE CAPITAL.

An Amendment Talked Of—The McCarthy Party.

OTTAWA, Jan. 30.—Mr. Earle arrived in the city to-day. Messrs. Prior, Corbould and Mara, who stopped by the way, will reach here to-morrow.

Dalton McCarthy has not yet arrived. Col. O'Brien, who came to-day, says he will stick by McCarthy.

It is probable that the debate on the address, which will be moved by McInenery in the House to-day and seconded by Leclaire, will last two or three days, as there is talk of an amendment being put.

PERSONAL.

Visitors and Passengers to and from the City and Province.

Wm. Beech, of Winnipeg, is in town.

S. A. Spencer is down from Alert Bay.

S. M. Robins, of Nanaimo, is at the Driard.

Fred M. Young, of Nanaimo, is at the Oriental.

J. A. Virtue and Mrs. Virtue are at the Driard.

N. B. Gauvreau came over from the Mainland last night.

W. H. Redmond returned from the Mainland last night.

Wm. B. Anderson came down from Comox on Saturday.

H. B. Smith, C.E., returned from Vancouver last evening.

W. H. Mawdsley came down from Point Comfort yesterday.

Mrs. Hemans returned from California on the Walla Walla.

F. J. Dalby, purser of the Cariboo and Fly, arrived home yesterday.

Judge Maurice Sachs, of Port Townsend, came up on the Kingston Saturday.

Mrs. A. G. McCandless and Miss A. Gilmore returned from California last evening.

C. B. Sword, G. B. Martin and J. Punch, M.P.P.'s, arrived in the city last evening.

Daniel Selim, an old newspaper man of San Francisco, is in the city on his way east.

Ralph E. Moody, of Port Townsend, was a passenger up on the City of Kingston Saturday.

G. A. Carleton, general freight agent of the C.P.N. Co., is confined to the house through illness.

Charles Holmes, of the Colonist, returned last evening from a trip to his home in England. He was away three months.

Mrs. R. F. Daly leaves for England to-night. She goes east over the Northern Pacific, and takes the Teutonic at New York on Feb. 8.

Butcher knives at Fox's.

1000 Tons

CHOICE B. C.

Timothy Hay

$16 PER TON CASH.

The Brackman & Ker Milling Co., Ltd.,

125 Government Street, National Mill, Outer Wharf, Victoria

BRANCH—NEW WESTMINSTER.

FAMISHING FISHERMEN.

Three Thousand Atlantic Fishermen Rescued From Starvation in the Nick of Time.

A San Francisco Young Lady, Despondent From Ill Health, Jumps into the Bay.

A Merchant in Financial Difficulties ---Confederate Postage Stamps Still in Use.

CAMBRIDGE, Md., Jan. 30.—After a seven hours' battle with floating ice the steamer Gridgeon finally reached Chincoteague Island yesterday afternoon with a supply of food for the 3000 islanders, who have been cut off from all communication with the mainland for over two weeks. The steamer was badly damaged by the ice. Nearly all the people of the island were gathered at the wharf to welcome the supply boat. Had communication with the island been cut off for a day or two longer the consequences would have been disastrous; as it was, many persons had suffered for food and fuel, and two milch cows had been killed to meet the pressing necessities. Some persons had not eaten a mouthful for two days, and a number of others had existed for several days on bread alone. The Rev. Geo. J. Jones, Methodist Episcopal minister, was holding revival services during the freeze up, and the church was crowded day and night with frightened but patient people. During the freeze up, when the demand for oysters was so great in the cities, it is probable that 1000 barrels a day would have been shipped from Chincoteague Island if the oystermen had not been prevented from working. Their stock will now reach a full market.

Confederate Stamps.

BOSTON, Jan. 30.—Secretary of State Olin received a package this morning from Granby, Mass., on which were two ten cent stamps issued by the Confederate States of America. Each stamp bore a portrait of Jefferson Davis. They were cancelled by the post office at Granby without detection; they also passed under the eyes of the post office authorities in Boston.

THE BAY CITY.

Sudden Death and Suicide---Dry Goods Firm in Financial Trouble.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 30.—Henry T. Scott, manager of the Union Iron Works, stated to-day that the coast defense vessel Monterey will not go up to Mare Island until to-morrow. It was not at all likely, he said, that the Monterey would be sent to Honolulu, as the voyage would be too hazardous for a vessel of her construction.

Murphy, Grant & Co. to day levied an attachment for $22,653 on Kelly Bros, dry goods merchants. It is expected that other attachments will soon follow.

G. C. Driver, a stenographer, 48 years of age, was found dead in his chair this forenoon, having succumbed, it is supposed, to heart disease. In the room was found a tin box containing all his estate, consisting of $10,500 in U. S. bonds, certificates of deposit and cash. There was also a holographic will, leaving all his property to his father, John N. Driver, of Englewood.

Ada M. James, 29 years of age, disappeared from her home last night. She has been despondent on account of ill-health, and it is believed she committed suicide by jumping into the bay.

Up to 10 o'clock this morning, there has been no sign of the Pacific Mail steamship City of Peking, now several days overdue from Hongkong and Yokohama.

SOUTH AMERICA.

Yellow Fever — Petroleum in Abundance — Offensive and Defensive Alliance.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—The Herald's special from Caracas, Venezuela, says: Gen. Villa, the new Colombian minister to Venezuela, has arrived. He brings with him a new treaty of offensive and defensive alliance, whereby the government of Colombia virtually takes common issue with Venezuela against further encroachments by the British.

In many of the districts of the state of Barcelona yellow fever is raging to an alarming extent. Quayaraqua is isolated by the scourge. El Dercho, the semi-official organ, renews the attack to compel foreigners residing here to answer questions regarding their right to hold property or engage in commerce.

The Herald's Valparaiso special says: Extensive fires have recently occurred in Santiago and Tocopilla; the losses have been heavy.

Quirno Costa, the new minister from Argentine, would arrive in Santiago yesterday. During the voyage of the ship Manonar from La Liberted, four of the sailors were confined in the storeroom as a punishment. They all died from asphyxiation.

The Herald's correspondent at Porto Alegre telegraphed that Dr. Castilphos has assumed the governorship. The federals with an army of 10,000 men, it is expected, will soon invade the territory.

The bark Valparaiso, coming from the south with a cargo of timber, was wrecked and nine of the crew perished; only one was saved.

There has been discovered in Santa Cruz, Bolivia, an abundance of petroleum of excellent quality.

FROM VANCOUVER.

Fighting the Coal Combine—A Jeweller Drops Dead—Attempted Suicide---Etc.

VANCOUVER, Jan. 30.—Another cargo of coal from Seattle arrived on Saturday night, and the fight against the coal combine of Vancouver Island mines is continued. A proposition is now on foot to form a co-operative coal company to get coal wherever practicable and conduct a general coal business. A capital stock of $50,000 is proposed in $10 shares, no subscriber to take more than a hundred shares.

Bishop Sillitoe recently threatened to cancel the license to preach of Rev. H. P. Hobson, Christ Church, should that congregation be dispossessed of the site through the litigation just concluded. As the law suit went against Rev. Hobson, a deputation from Christ Church interviewed the bishop on Saturday. He consented not to cancel Mr. Hobson's license should he resign. He proposed to divide the parish, allowing Mr. Hobson the eastern half and to allow others to call a low church minister. A congregational meeting has been called for this evening to discuss the proposal.

Geo. D. Chapman, jeweller, recently arrived from Toronto, dropped dead last night.

Joseph Stevens, sailor, jumped into the Inlet last night, attempting to commit suicide. He was sentenced to one month's imprisonment this morning.

Six inches of snow fell last night and the weather is very cold.

Justice Drake on Saturday delivered judgment dismissing the petition to quash the bonus by-law to bonus the Fraser Valley Railway, and work will begin soon. An appeal is probable.

South Vancouver council will petition the Local Government to appropriate a right-of-way from the road from North Arm to Point Gray, and thence to the city, and from the Fraser river to English Bay; also to make a reservation in government lands in these parts for schools and parks.

Rev. R. R. Maitland, in Homer street Methodist church last evening, touched on the moral teaching in the schools, and said none at all was preferable to anything that might tend to introduce the religious animosity that exists between Catholics and Protestants in Eastern Canada.

Valuable Horse Dead

SYRACUSE, Jan. 30.—El Mahdi, 2-25 1-4, the best bred son of Onward, and one of the best bred stallions in the world, died last night. He was purchased three years ago by Harvey A. Moyer, in Kentucky, for $12,000. Recently Mr. Moyer refused an offer of $45,000 for him. El Mahdi was sired by Onward, 2.21¼; he by Geo. Wilkes, 2.22, his dam was Lady Bunker, dam of Guy Wilkes, 2.15 1-4. El Mahdi sired Futano, 2.23 1-4.

FULL OF ICE.

The Ferry at Westminster Running With Difficulty—Frozen Feet.

NEW WESTMINSTER, Jan. 30. — Though the river is full of ice the ferry still manages to make a few trips daily with difficulty.

A pilot will be appointed for the Fraser this afternoon at a meeting of the Vancouver pilotage board.

Two Chinamen were almost suffocated last night through heating a small room with a charcoal fire. They are still in a precarious condition.

Doyle, who had his feet frozen at Mud Bay three weeks ago, will have to lose several toes and one foot.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World, Here and Elsewhere.

THE RING.

MITCHELL'S TERM FINISHED.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—A dispatch from London says:—Charley Mitchell will be released from prison at 6 o'clock to-morrow morning, having served his sentence of two months, less good conduct reduction, for his murderous assault upon an inoffensive old man. His withdrawal of the appeal and voluntary surrender to serve out his sentence in order that he might be able to leave for the United States to make a match with Corbett has sent his stock up among London sports, and a large number of them will meet him at the prison gates, and escort him to a hall in Hammersmith, where they will give him a breakfast. Mitchell will sail for the United States next week. His short confinement in prison, with plenty of enforced sleep and no chance to go on a spree has done him a world of good, and he looks in better condition than for many years.

THE OAR.

BUBEAR DEFEATS HOSMER.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—George Bubear, the English oarsman, easily defeated Hosmer, of Boston, on the Thames today for the championship of England and £400.

An Unusual Experience.

The storm which began on Saturday night continues unabated and promises to eclipse anything that Victoria has experienced in years. The snow at noon to-day had reached a depth of 12 inches, with the prospects of going one better at least. The cold wind continues its blast, but an early abatement is probable. Traffic on the car lines is blocked and about the only vehicles out are sleighs and sleds. So far the storm has been generally regarded as a picnic, skating, coasting and snowballing being popular. The city's snow sweeper was out on Government street this morning and did good work. All the sidewalks down town are kept clear as a rule, but many householders need to be notified that there is an ordinance requiring them to keep their sidewalks clear. Old-timers have to go back a good many years to find a parallel for this "cold snap."

A Healthy and Delicious Beverage.

Menier Chocolate. Learn to make a real cup of Chocolate, by addressing C. Alfred Chouillou, Montreal, and get free samples with directions.

Banker's Notice.

You will be happy during 1893 if you buy blank books at Kerr & Begg's bookstore.

Wall Paper, Plate Glass, Paints, Etc. ★ ★ ★

✠ ✠ ✠ ✠ J. W. MELLOR, 76 & 78 Fort Street, Above Douglas.

CANADA'S FARM PRODUCTS.

Results of Dairy Commissioner Robertson's Recent Visit to England.

Valuable Information Obtained and Imparted—Dairy Produce for the Orient.

From our own Correspondent.]

OTTAWA, Jan. 21.—There is one man connected with the Government service for whom every Canadian will hold up both hands. That man is Professor Robertson, the Dominion dairy commissioner. Whenever Mr. Robertson has made a suggestion for any expenditure in connection with his department when addressing the committee on agriculture of the House of Commons, every member declares it is a good thing and votes for it, and the House of Commons passes it without comment. He is the best authority by long odds of any man in Canada on matters pertaining to agriculture. Before coming to Ottawa this was well illustrated when connected with the Guelph model farm, a provincial institution. There was no political influence used to secure Mr. Robertson's appointment, a most remarkable and singular thing to happen in the selection of Dominion officers. For several weeks past Mr. Robertson has been through Great Britain and France looking into Agricultural matters, so as to get information on the methods of increasing the markets for Canadian farm products. He has stirred up England and Scotland on behalf of the Canadian farmer in such a way as Englishmen and Scotchmen are rarely stirred up. The old country press has reported his addresses in full, and dealt editorially with his remarks, commending them to the careful consideration of the British farmer during the present depression which exists throughout the United Kingdom. Such papers as the London Chronicle, the Liverpool Post and Mercury, the Edinburgh Scotsman, the Glasgow Mail and Herald, and all the agricultural newspapers—yes, even the "Thunderer," the London Times, devoted leading articles to Mr. Robertson and his mission as representing the Canadian farmer. Mr. Robertson did not talk any trash about protective theories and so forth, but showed the Britishers what Canada was able to accomplish through educating the farmer. As an advertisement for the Dominion Mr. Robertson's trip was worth more than can be well estimated.

SOLD AS ENGLISH.

Speaking to Mr. Robertson to-day on his return from the old land, he informed your correspondent that good prices were obtained for all the dairy products he took along with him from the experimental stations. Canadian cheese, butter, bacon and eggs, he said, were growing in favor with importers and wholesale houses. Canada, however, was suffering from the fact that retailers were selling our products as the "best English" and pocketing the extra price. No butcher would admit that he sold Canadian or American beef, and their statements are not only untrue but grossly unfair alike to the Canadian and the English farmers. There was a growing demand for fine fresh butter as well as swine products. Mr. Robertson was able to point to the superiority of our pork owing to the manner we fed the hogs. Eggs were wanted as fresh as possible, and for such there was a keen demand. Too many spoiled eggs were being shipped. Poultry was only wanted at Christmas.

UNREASONABLE PROFITS OF RETAILERS.

"I hope," said Mr. Robertson, "our Department of Agriculture, or our merchants, or both working in harmony as in the past, may be equal to the devising and operating of some means of distributing our products to the ultimate consumers, whereby the unreasonable profits of the retailers may no longer interpose a barrier to the more general consumption, under their own name, of Canadian cheese, beef, bacon, eggs, poultry, etc. The difference between the prices charged by the retailers for our best products and the prices realized by the producers on the Canadian side, is out of all proportion to the value of the services rendered in the distribution. I heard of one retail butcher who made a million of dollars in a few years out of selling prime Canadian-fed beef as the "best English." Doubtless the customers who purchased got good value; but a much larger share of what they paid should have come to the pockets of our Canadian farmers. That is only one instance out of a large trade."

CANADA'S MAMMOTH CHEESE.

"I received from the largest retail dealer in provisions in the world an offer for our mammoth Canadian cheese, which is to form the centre of the dairy pyramid at the World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago. He has no less than 90 large shops in different parts of London, and shops in nearly every large city in Great Britain and Ireland. The price offered is one which will recoup the Department for all the expenses of manufacturing the mammoth cheese; besides, the offerer (who is no other than the great 'Lipton,' whose retail sales of tea reach 275 tons per week) undertakes to exhibit the cheese, free of expense to the Department and without charge to the public, in every large city of commercial importance in Great Britain and Ireland. He will also spend $15,000 in advertising it as the largest cheese in the world. All this will call attention to the magnitude of the Canadian trade in cheese and make its excellence better known to the great masses of consumers." This is more than ample justification of the Dairy Commissioner's course in having made this "mammoth cheese." Everything is not all sordid which has a sordid name.

BUTTER FOR CHINA AND JAPAN.

"I looked into the trade in tinned butters for export to hot climates, and visited Paris, where neat and suitable boxes for that purpose are made and finished in elegant style. I think Canadians might now get possession of the West India trade in butter, and through the facilities of the Canadian Pacific Railway and the Pacific steamships we should get the major share of the trade in butter, bacon and cheese with Hong Kong, China and Japan. I had a conference in London on that subject with a gentleman who had spent many years in business in that trade. The outlook for our products in that direction is hopeful. I arranged for a supply of the tin boxes, and was able to secure an offer of the particular machines which are used in closing the boxes, so that they shall be perfectly air tight after they are filled."

CANADA'S TRADE RETURNS.

The Trade and Navigation Returns, in many respects the most important blue book published by the Government, was made public to-day. It shows Canada's exports for the year ending June 30th, 1892, aggregated $113,963,375, against $98,417,265 for 1891; imports of $127,406,068, against $119,967,638; entered for consumption $116,978,948, against $113,345,124; duty collected, $20,550,581.53, against $23,481,069.13 for the preceding year. Canada's aggregate trade with foreign countries was as follows for the past two years:

	1892.	1891.
Great Britain	$106,254,984	$91,328,384
United States	92,125,599	94,824,352
France	2,776,173	2,565,877
Germany	6,526,228	4,336,232
Spain	489,652	555,917
Portugal	155,479	191,148
Italy	490,830	332,806
Holland	846,157	490,839
Belgium	573,244	728,120
Newfoundland	2,503,963	2,218,911
West Indies	7,038,846	6,360,026
South America	1,905,346	1,782,950
China and Japan	3,300,108	2,202,102
Switzerland	193,033	244,319
Other countries	5,168,757	3,685,842
	$230,942,318	$211,762,420

During the year there was collected from British goods duty to the amount of $9,074,200.71, while from the United States goods was collected $7,814,666.93, that is to say that though the imports from the United States were eight millions more than the imports from Great Britain, the duties were over a million less on the American than on the British goods.

The amount of customs duties paid per head of the population was $4.25, against $4.84 for 1891. SLABTOWN.

CANADIAN NOTES.

News by Mail and Wire from all Parts of the Dominion.

The Nova Scotia coal bill has been passed by the Legislature.

The St. Boniface Hospital, at St. Boniface, Man., will be improved this year at an estimated cost of $75,000.

John C. Maloney has been convicted at Kingston of giving whiskey to boys, getting them drunk and then taking their money.

A number of young Canadians who had gone to Chicago to get work are stranded there and are desirous of returning home.

Morton Wilson, of Toronto, has been appointed superintendent of the Canadian section of the art building at the World's Fair.

Reports of the Fisheries Department on the artificial propagation of lobsters in Nova Scotia show that great success has attended it.

The Middlesex and Essex county councils have adopted a resolution favoring a Provincial plebiscite on the prohibition question.

John McKinnon, of Rocky Point, P. E.I., was sentenced to three years' imprisonment for setting fire to a barn. McKinnon is eighty years of age.

Commander Boulton, for the past ten years hydrographic surveyor on the Georgian Bay, returns to England next fall to resume work at the Admiralty.

The Rev. J. E. Lancely, pastor of St. Paul's Methodist Church, Toronto, has resigned and will accept a call to the Baltimore, Maryland, church, at $5000 salary.

John Walker, of Thorold, was accidentally shot in the head by James Stevens at a party in Decew Falls, on Thursday night. The wound may prove fatal.

Commander Wakeman says that Canada comes out at the small end by the Atlantic modus arrangement. He thinks it would be better for Canadians not to sell their bait.

The Coal Syndicate bill has created a great stir in Nova Scotia coal mining circles. There has been a big demand for licenses to prospect for anthracite within the past ten days.

F. H. Flood, Treasurer of South Colchester township, is said to be over $4000 short in his accounts. The township council has decided to proceed against Flood and his bondsmen.

Roths' general store in Oil City, Ont., containing the post office and telephone office and occupied above as a residence by James Keating, has been burned with all contents. Loss, $8000; insurance, $4500.

It was reported that "Doc," the famous trotting dog belonging to W. Ketchum of Brighton, had been killed in a railway accident last Tuesday in the States, but a telegram from Brighton denies this.

It is now pretty well understood in commercial circles that the Government has decided to appoint R. S. White collector of customs at Montreal. The appointment, however, it is expected, is not to be announced until near the end of the session.

Hon. Mr. Foster has confirmed the report from Paris that negotiations were in progress between Canada and France by which Canada proposed to reduce the duties on French wines in consideration of France allowing our imports to enter that country at a minimum tariff rate.

The centennial of Methodism in Picton was celebrated there on Saturday. One hundred years ago the first Methodist class was formed in Picton and is still in existence. During all this time the leadership has been in one family, being handed down from father to son. The first leader was Andrew Johnston and the present leader is W. H. Johnston, his grandson. The class was formed under the leadership of the Rev. Derius Dunham, who came to Adolphstown in 1792 from the United States.

HOME RULE.

Alleged Synopsis of Mr. Gladstone's Measure—Changes From Previous Scheme.

LONDON, Jan. 28.—The following is a synopsis of the new Irish Home Rule bill to be introduced within a few days after the opening of Parliament. The bill declares that there shall be established in Ireland a legislature consisting of the Queen and an Irish legislative body, empowered to amend and repeal the laws.

The power to enact laws on the following subjects is retained by the Imperial Parliament: The status of dignity of the Crown or the succession to the crown, or a regency; the making of war or peace; the army, navy, militia, volunteers or other military or naval forces, or the defence of the realm; treaties and other relations with foreign countries, or the relations between various parts of Her Majesty's dominions; offences against the Law of Nations, or offences committed in violation of any treaty made or hereafter to be made between Her Majesty and any foreign state, or offences committed on the high seas, treason or naturalization, trade, navigation or quarantine, and the postal and telegraph service except as hereinafter in this act mentioned with respect to the transmission of letters and telegrams in Ireland.

A sub-clause retains to the Imperial Parliament control for five years over land legislation.

The Irish Legislature is restricted from passing any law respecting the establishment of religion or prohibiting the free exercise thereof, or imposing any privileges or conferring any disability on account of religious belief or abrogating or derogating from the right to establish or maintain any place of denominational education, or denominational institution or charity, or prejudicially affecting the right of any child to attend a school receiving public money without attending the religious instruction at the school, or impairing without either the leave of Her Majesty in Council, first obtained on an address presented by the Legislative body of Ireland, or the consent of the corporation interested, the rights, property or privileges of any existing corporation incorporated by royal charter or local and general act of Parliament, or from passing any legislation changing the terms of the Home Rule Act, except in so far as the act is declared to be alterable by the Irish Legislature.

The Queen retains the same prerogatives with respect to summoning, proroguing and dissolving the Irish legislative body as the Queen has with respect to the Imperial Parliament. The Irish legislative body can continue for five years and no longer, from the day on which it is appointed to meet. The executive government of Ireland is to continue vested in Her Majesty, to be carried on by the Lord-Lieutenant on behalf of Her Majesty, with the aid of such officers and such council as to her may from time to time seem fit.

The ninth clause of the bill relating to the constitution of the Irish legislative body differs in one important respect from the bill of 1886. The bill of 1893 provides that the legislative body shall consist of a first and second order, but instead of providing that the orders shall deliberate together as in the bill of 1886, it provides that they shall sit and vote separately, thus constituting two distinct houses of the legislature. If the result of the voting brings the two orders into collision then the question at issue is to be referred to a joint committee of both houses. If the question still remains undecided through inability to agree, then the question at issue may be referred to the people.

The tenth clause substantially provides that the Upper House shall include 103 members, 75 elective and 28 peerage members. The term of an elective member of the first order is ten years, 37 or 38 to retire every fifth year. The peers are to be the 28 Irish representative peers. The peerage representation in the first order is to last for no longer than thirty years from the appointed day of organization, when the places of all the peerage members are to be vacated and to be filled by elective members. A dissolution of the legislative body is not to vacate the offices of members of the first order. The second legislative body is to consist of 204 members, to be chosen by existing constituencies in Ireland.

An important new clause provides that 104 members of the Imperial Parliament shall be elected by the existing constituencies. These members shall vote on all questions reserved by the Imperial Parliament from the Irish legislative body, and may sit in the Irish legislative body if elected thereto, as well as in the Imperial Parliament. If the Queen signifies to the Irish Legislature that a state of war exists, the Irish Legislature may make extra appropriations for the army and navy, and to aid in the defence of the realm.

"It shall not be lawful for the Irish legislative body to adopt or pass any vote, resolution, address or bill for the raising or appropriating for any purpose of any part of the public revenue of Ireland, or of any tax, duty or import except in pursuance of a recommendation from Her Majesty, signified through the Lord Lieutenant in the session in which such vote, resolution, address or bill is proposed."

The Dublin metropolitan police is to be subject to the Lord Lieutenant for a period of five years, or until the Irish administration will guarantee that an adequate police system has been organized. The Royal Irish constabulary, while it exists, is to continue subject to the control of the Lord Lieutenant, but the Irish Legislature may provide for the establishment or maintenance of a police force in counties or boroughs in Ireland under the control of the local authorities, and arrangements may be made between the treasury and the Irish government for the establishment and maintenance of police reserves.

There is an entirely new clause, 22, which gives the Crown the right to veto all bills of the Irish legislature, and gives Irish representative peers the right to sit in the House of Lords at Westminster and vote on all Imperial questions. Controversies regarding constitutional questions are to be referred to the judicial committee of the Privy Council for decision.

The functions of the Lord Lieutenant are the same as in the bill of 1886, and the judiciary is to remain for five years under the control of the Imperial Government, then to pass under the control of the Irish Government. Other provisions are similar to those of 1886.

"When Thieves Fall Out."

NEW YORK, Jan. 28.—The directors of the United States Book Co., had a lively meeting in Jersey City yesterday. John W. Lovell who organized the corporation, was ousted from the vice-presidency, and Lawrence and Warner, the lawyers, were instructed to bring action against him. Edward Lang resigned his place as treasurer of the concern and the state of affairs developed at the meeting showed that there is much bad feeling among the publishers whose "combine" in July, 1890, with a capital of $3,250,000 was regarded as a cheap novel trust. At the meeting yesterday the directors voted to declare the office of vice-president Lovell vacant, because of his non-attendance at meetings and for other reasons. Mr. Forbes was elected in place as vice-president and general manager. In instructing the lawyers to bring various actions against the ex-vice-president, the directors charged malfeasance in office, and blamed the present condition of the corporation upon Mr. Lovell. The capital of the company when organized consisted of $2,000,000 preferred stock, $1,250,000 of common stock, besides $500,000 debenture bonds. In January, 1892, the debenture bonds, it is said, were increased to $1,000,000, and the common stock to $3,000,000. The cash received, it is said, was used in paying off the floating debt. The Manhattan Trust Company holds a mortgage to secure the debbenture bonds, which had been issued to the amount of $1,000,000.

World's Fair and Sunday.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—For the fourth successive Monday the much complicated suit between the proprietors of the steamboats which have secured the concession to run to Jackson Park, on the one hand, and the World's Fair authorities and the city of Chicago on the other, is again before Chancellor Ruley. The question involved is the right of the city or the World's Fair authorities to close the park on Sundays, inasmuch as the ground is dedicated to the uses of the people every day in the year. Should the chancellor decide in favor of the latter supposition it is held that such decision would vitiate the clause in the act of Congress that compels the closing of the Fair on Sunday, inasmuch as such clause would be unconstitutional as against the legislation by which the park exists. Since the case was last before the court the American Sabbath Union has applied for permission to become a party to the suit in the interests of the people at large, and its right to do so is being argued before the chancellor to-day.

Cigars at the World's Fair.

CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—The Ways and Means Committee of the World's Fair are to-day considering bids for the big concession of selling cigars on the Fair grounds, and which is expected to net a big fortune to the fortunate bidder. The Cigar Makers' International Union, the National Brotherhood of Painters, the National Switchmen's Union, the State Federation of Labor, and several other organizations have demanded that all domestic cigars sold on the grounds shall bear on each box the blue label of the International Cigar Makers' Union. If this is not conceded the labor people will probably recommend that the World's Fair cigars be boycotted.

Mrs. Sarah Muir
Of Minneapolis.

For Women

Hood's Sarsaparilla is Especially Adapted to Cure Difficulties Peculiar to the Sex

The restoring and invigorating properties of Hood's Sarsaparilla, combined with its power to vitalize and enrich the blood, render it peculiarly adapted for all troubles peculiar to women—that tired feeling, or debility caused by change of season, climate or life. Hood's Sarsaparilla has accomplished very gratifying results in many cases. Read the following:

"I was for a long time a sufferer from

Female Weakness

and tried many remedies and physicians, to no good pupose. One day I read one of the Hood's Sarsaparilla books, and thought I would try a bottle of the medicine. It made so great a difference in my condition that I took three bottles more and found myself **perfectly well.** I have also given

Hood's Sarsaparilla

to the children, and find that it keeps them in good health. I am willing that this shall be used for the benefit of others." MRS. SARAH MUIR, 308 16th av., So. Minneapolis, Minn.

HOOD'S PILLS cure all Liver ills, Biliousness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Sick Headache.

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced Price $30 per acre; half cash, balance on time Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, m22-tf 55 Third street Victoria

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.
Contains no Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates, or any Injurious.

Columbia Townsite Improvement Co., LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. W. H. Routledge, Real Estate Agent, of this City, ceased to act as agent for the above named Company on the 19th January, instant, and all the Company's business will, until further notice, be conducted by the undersigned, to whom all communications must be addressed.
SYDNEY ASPLAND,
Acting Secretary.
Victoria, January 26th, 1893.—1w

MEDICAL.

THE CELEBRATED FRENCH CURE.

Warranted to cure "APHRODITINE" or money refunded.

Is SOLD ON A POSITIVE GUARANTEE to cure any form of nervous disease, or disorder of the generative organs, whether arising from the excessive use of Stimulants, Tobacco or Opium or through Indiscretion, etc., such as Loss of Brain Power Wakefulness, Bearing down Pains in the Back, Hysteria, Nervous Prostration, Leucorrhœa, Dizziness, Weak Memory, Loss of Power, which if neglected often lead to premature old age and insanity. Price $1.00 a box, 6 boxes for $5.00.

BEFORE AFTER

A WRITTEN GUARANTEE for every $5.00 order, to refund the money if a Permanent cure is not effected. Thousands of testimonials from old and young, of both sexes, permanently cured by APHRODITINE. Circular free. Address
THE APHRO MEDICINE CO
WESTERN BRANCH,
Box 27. PORTLAND, OR.
SOLD BY COCHRANE & MUNN, Druggists, Corner of Yates and Douglas streets, Sole Wholesale Agents, Victoria
au29

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION,

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS TEST. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00; six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria B.C. June10-1y

Before. After.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH

For sale by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria. may17 1y.

TRADE MARK
BIG G
CURE YOURSELF!
Ask your Druggist for a bottle of Big G. The only non-poisonous remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men and the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. It cures in a few days without the aid or publicity of a doctor.
The Universal American Cure.
Manufactured by
The Evans Chemical Co.
CINCINNATI, O.
U. S. A.
PRICE $1.00

CUBB'S COUGH CURE (ANTISEPTIC) CUBB'S COUGH CURE

We do not publish testimonials from parties in the Eastern States, but from well known, reliable local parties.

Read the following from people you know:

Rev. Robert R. Maitland, LL.B., one of the leading clergymen of Vancouver says: "I have great pleasure in testifying to the magical efficacy of your Cubb's Cough Cure in the treatment of cold in the head, throat and chest, and the croup tendency in children. I have recommended it to others after using it myself, feeling free to say it is just the thing to have in the house for such emergencies. I hope it will have a large sale."

Capt. M. Manson, of Victoria, B.C., says: "I took a fearful cold after unusual exposure and found myself tightened up so much that I had great difficulty in even breathing. A torturing cough set in and I was miserable in the extreme. I took four regular doses of Cubb's Cough Cure and the result astonished me. In ONE NIGHT my cough was broken up and my system completely freed from all symptoms of cold. I heartily recommend it to everyone."

THE HYBRYLYNE CO., Victoria, B.C.

☞ Ask your Druggist or Dealer for it.

Wholesale by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria B. C., or address THE HYBRYLYNE CO., Victoria, B.C

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH.
DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE
DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.
A safeguard against infectious diseases.
Sold by chemists throughout the world.
W. G. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.
LANGLEY & CO., Victoria,
del1-6mcod Agents for B. C.

HOTELS.

New Telegraph Hotel.

Accommodation for 100 guests. This hotel is a three-story brick, with basement; has electric light and gas, and all the modern conveniences, and commands a fine view of the harbor. Terms, from $1 to $2 per day.
d&w JONATHAN MERRIFIELD.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that having sold my business to the Sayward Mill and Lumber Co., Limited, I take this opportunity of thanking my friends and patrons for past favors and ask that the same be extended to the new firm.

Persons having claims against me are requested to present the same, and all persons indebted to me are requested to pay such indebtedness at my office, 16 Trounce Avenue.
oc22-tf W. P. SAYWARD.

SORE THROAT

Bronchitis, colds, coughs, asthma, and even consumption in the early stages, yield to **Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.** Singers, actors, auctioneers public speakers, clergymen, teachers, lecturers, and all who are liable to disorder of the vocal organs, find a sure remedy in this wonderful and well-known preparation. As an emergency medicine, in cases of croup, whooping cough, etc., it should be in every household.

"Two years ago I suffered severely from an attack of sore throat

And Bronchitis

It seemed as if I could not survive, all the usual remedies proving of no avail. At last I thought of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and after taking two bottles of this medicine I was restored to health."—Chas. Gambini, Smith's Ranch, Sonoma Co., Cal.

"There is nothing better for coughs than Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I use no other preparation."—Annie S. Butler, Providence, R.I.

W. H. Graff & Co., Druggists, Carson, Iowa, certify that all throat and lung troubles are speedily

Cured By Using

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It leads all others.

"In January, 1889, I was taken down with measles and scarlet fever, and exposing myself too soon, caught a severe cold which settled on my lungs. I was forced to take to my bed and was so ill that the doctors despaired of my recovery, supposing me to be in quick consumption. Change of climate was recommended, but I began to use Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and soon found relief. After using several bottles, I was cured, so that I am now as well and rugged as ever."—John Dillander, Cranesman of Steam Shovel, G. S. & S. F. R. R. Co., Justin, Texas.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by all Druggists. Price, $1; 6 bottles, $5.

THE ROBERTS SAFETY Water Tube MARINE BOILER

FOR YACHTS, LAUNCHES, AND OTHER STEAMERS.

THE

Original Fixed Water Line Pipe Boiler

NEARLY 400 IN USE!

SAFE, Reliable, Simple, Light Weight, Economical, No Shop Repairs, Small Space. Send for Illustrated Pamphlet and other reading matter, with hundreds of enthusiastic letters from purchasers and engineers.

Also Triple Expansion and Compound Marine Engines for Yachts and other Steamers. Large Marine Boilers a specialty.

DOTY ENGINE WORKS CO.

MANUFACTURERS,

TORONTO, - ONTARIO.

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital

Notice is hereby given that the "Dupont" Hospital Ambulance is now ready for service in cases of accidents, and can be obtained at the Victoria Transfer Stables.

The use of the ambulance for all cases other than accidents can only be obtained on the order of one of the Consulting or Visiting Physicians of the Hospital.

The names of the said Physicians can be had on application at the Victoria Transfer Stabbles

H. M. YATES,
tf Secretary.

THE SAMARITAN

Lying-In-Home,

NO. 11 RAE STREET.

TERMS:—Patients, previous to confinement, $3 per week. During confinement, including medical attendance and nursing, $10 per week. Patients, with good references, who may be unable to pay will be treated free of charge. For admission apply at the Home.

AN OLD PROOF READER.

He Corrects Proofs in 242 Languages, and yet he Only Gets $21 a Week.

Interesting and Useful Information Concerning Bibles—Very Exhausting Work.

A most interesting illustration of the marvellous capacity of the human brain is found in the person of an employe of a publishing house in this city. His duties consist of proof reading in 242 languages and dialects.

At the Bible House on Fourth avenue the American Bible Society employs as proof reader Mr. J. Emery McLean. He is a native of Canada nearly 30 years of age, quite 6 feet 2 inches in stature, and has been a resident of New York about four years. Aside from his trying task as proof-reader, he has found considerable time to devote to literary work, which, during the life of the late Count Norriakow, Russian exile, included the correct "Englishing" of the Count's translations of Russian works, and since the demise of the nobleman, Mr. McLean has aided the Countess Ella Norriakow to some extent in her labors.

Mr. McLean's functions as a proof-reader cover the final revision of the proofs of the Holy Scriptures as printed and circulated by the society, the languages and dialects (242 in number) that he handles being designated under these heads: British Isles, 1 to 6; Continent of Europe, 7 to 68; Asia, 69 to 162; the Islands, 163 to 185; Africa, 186 to 217; American continent, 218 to 242. For a fact, in many cases, the specimens of proofs show the different alphabets or characters which the people use. The Turkish version, for example, is prepared for Moslems in the Arabic letter, but for Armenians an entirely different form is needed, and for Greeks yet another; thus, making due allowance for repetitions, the specimens (242) actually represent about 213 languages and dialects.

After taking into account the wonderful versatality of brain necessary to cope with the almost endless number of words and characters in these languages, perhaps the strangest feature of this remarkable gift is the fact that Mr McLean is not a linguist—does not converse in any language but English, nor does he understand any other, his work being done purely through his power of embracing form at sight.

Take, for illustration, John III., 16: "For God so loved the world that he gave His only begotten Son, that whosoever believeth in Him should not perish, but have everlasting life."

This in Dutch reads: "Want alzoo lief heeft God de wereld ghab, dat hij zijnen eenig-geboren' Zoon gegven heeft, opdat een iegelijk, die in hem gelooft, niet verderve, naar het eenwige leven hebbe."

The Maori (New Zealand) version is this: "Na, koia ano te aroha o te Atua ki te ao. homai ana e ia tana Tamaiti ko tahi, kia kahore ai e mate te tangata e wakapone ana ki a ia, engari kia whiwhi ai ki te oranga tanutanga."

The Mandingo (West Africa) reads thus: "Katuko Alla ye dunya kannu nyinuyma, an ading whulukilering di, mensating moamo men lata ala, ate tinyala, barri asi bala abadaring sotto."

This is Muskokee (North American Indian): "Hasaketomese ekouv vnokece mahet ameko. Eppuce homkuse heckuecote emotes, mon estimot oh okosamat estemerkekot, momis kesaketo vuksosekon ocoren."

In addition there are scores of specimens made up of characters or letters peculiar to the Burmon, the Bghaikaron, the Powkareu, the Tibetan, the Peguese, the Chinese, the Gujerati, &c., and, most difficult of all to read by form and sight the Marathi (Modi) and the Tulu (west of the Mysore.)

In an interview relative to his labors Mr. McLean gave some very interesting facts.

"I find," said he, "that the work tells upon me severely and seriously at times. I have experienced spells that almost verge upon nervous prostration from the effect of continuous application to proof reading, and when I feel the spell coming on I am obliged to cease work entirely and rest. No, I do not understand any language but the English. For instance, if I am reading a proof in Koordish or Arabic, I read by comparison—that is, I have the original before me, and correct the errors in the proof by form, and that entails the greatest possible exhaustion. I mention the Arabic for the reason that that is one of the most trying forms of proof to read. Look at this page. To an inexperienced eye it resembles an intoxicated series of pothooks, short-hand characters, and fly specks. The Georgian, as you see here, is full of crabs, claws and cork-screws; the ancient and modern Armenian are each a cross between the razzle-dazzle and the ta-ra-ra-boom-de-ay dances. The Sanskirt resembles a Monday's washing hung on lines to dry—big clothes, little clothes, pinafores, all kinds of cloths; so does the Punjabi or Sikh, the Gondi (Central India), the Marathi, and several others, only each line appears to be burdened with different styles of garments. The Siamese makes my head swim until I can hear the rafters knocking one another, and the Burman looks like row upon row of o's and e's coming in at 5 A.M. after a rapid night out with the boys. The Chinese, Japanese, and Calmuc or Western Mongolian have become more or less familiar to us all in books, but the sight of the Chippewayan always made me feel as if I needed a new set of jaws."—New York Sun.

The "Crowd Poison."

The newest name for bad air is "crowd poison." Two medical men have been endeavoring to determine what it is that makes the air of crowded places poisonous to those who breathe it. Their object was to find out whether the effect was owing to the diminution of oxygen, as generally believed, or to the presence of deleterious organic matter in the carbonic acid expelled from the lungs, as the majority of physiologists maintain, or to the excess of carbonic-acid gas pure and simple. The conclusion arrived at is that the excess of carbonic-acid gas is alone responsible for the headache, feeling of suffocation, etc., frequently experienced through the breathing of a contaminated atmosphere. Some persons yield much more readily than others to this combined exhalation from many systems, and persons are overcome by it who can withstand the air of a room vitiated from other causes. During the recent lord mayor's show in London the foul air of the crowded streets was noticeable. To such as sat slightly above the level of the pavement the impurity of the air was distinctly perceptible. The baneful effect of impure air was recently felt in a remarkable way in a London courtroom. When the judge entered his court in the morning he found the jurors and counsel already exhausted and soon began to experience a similar feeling. On ordering an investigation he was informed that the engine was out of order, and could only pump into the court the stale air that had been used two days ago. The windows were so constructed as to prevent any proper ventilation of the premises, so that no assistance could be obtained to expel the two-days'-old atmosphere which the pumps persisted in sending into the court. The result was that when the jury list was disposed of the judge instead of sending for more cases, sent the jurors home and quickly followed their example.—Chicago News.

FACTS ABOUT STRIKES.

They Have Cost Laboring Men $51,814,743 in Six Years.

The history of strikes in the United States dates back to 1796. It lacks but four years to make it centenarian. The initial strike of American labor was that of the journeymen boot makers of Philadelphia. It was repeated in 1798 and 1799, the object an increase of wages. In 1803 occurred the New York sailors' strike. Here the strikers compelled other seamen to leave their ships—a step that caused the muster of the town guard, the arrest of the leader and the ignominous failure of the strike. In 1805 the shoemaking guild of Philadelphia repeated their previous experiments, but were fined for "conspiring to raise their wages." In 1809 the New York cordwainers imitated their Philadelphia brethren of St. Crispin. In 1815 the shoemaker laid down his awl and last at Pittsburg and ended his claim for higher pay by getting on the wrong side of the jail door and contributing to the city exchequer. In 1821 the printers inaugurated their first strike at Albany, N.Y., as a protest against the employment of non union men. The agitation for shorter hours was started in 1830 at Boston. In 1834 the laborers on the Providence railroad made a wage demand and were subsequently handled by the local militia; 1835 saw the first big mill strike at Paterson, N.J., resulting in twenty-six weeks' idleness and a loss of $24,000 in wages. From 1836 to 1842 some fifteen strikes were reported, in three of which the militia had to shoulder their muskets to prevent rioting. In 1842 was inaugurated the struggle of the ironworkers in the Pittsburg district. It broke out again in 1845, and in 1850 made a volcanic outburst, women drawing bars from the grates of furnaces and using them for weapons. In 1868 and 1869 some seventeen strikes occurred, while from 1871 to 1876 they were numerous than ever. In 1877 occurred the great railroad strike in which the military arm was called into service. The damage done in Pittsburg was placed by government experts at $5,000,000. In 1880 the strike slate had a total of 762. From 1881 to 1886, inclusive, there were 9,692 strikes, involving not less than 1,323,203 men and 22,304 establishments. Since 1877 we have added to the list the Reading strike, the Carnegie strike of 1888, the Pittsburg puddlers and the Turtle Creek miners. In 1890 the eight hour question brought about a series of strikes at Chicago, Boston, Indianapolis, etc., involving about 50,000 men, the cost running up into the millions. The government statistics show that between the years 1881 and 1887, inclusive, there occured 24,518 American strikes, with a direct loss to the strikers of $51,814,743, to which might be added the incalculable losses to employers in damage to property and the compulsory closing of works, and the costs to the various states in the maintenance of troops, etc. The homestead appendix which is not included in the above estimate represents a costly event and perhaps do something in the way of rousing public sentiment as to the urgent necessity of adopting corrective measures.—St. Louis Age of Steel.

Another North Pole Scheme.

The perils to which arctic explorers are exposed are enumerated in a recent article on Dr. Nansen's polar expedition, and among the suggestions, made with a view of maintaining communication with the outside world when the exploring party is in winter quarters, is one which bears the stamp of novelty. One writer, while promising that the breeding quarters of the knot are as yet absolutely unknown, gives reasons for supposing that they will be found somewhere within the mystic Arctic circle, and that there the intrepid explorer will encounter them. As these birds habitually visit the east coast of England, where they are shot in large numbers in the autumn, it is suggested that they be employed as messengers of communications between the ice-bound travellers and the civilized world. The ingenious originator of this idea proposes that a number of these birds should be caught and marked in some way that would attract the attention of the sportsmen and intrusted with missives, after the method adopted with carrier pigeons. The expedition in question is apparently the best designed attempt that has yet been known to reach the unknown arctic region, and it is the general impression that if ever the north pole is to be won it is now. Nansen's scheme is not to force its way through the ice in the manner hitherto attempted, but to place his little vessel in such a position that the ice shall carry him to his destination. He believes that the currents of the arctic seas set from the Siberian islands across to Greenland by the way of the north pole. His idea, therefore, is a simple one. He will run his ship into the ice and drift with it in the proper direction.—Chicago News.

Preacher and Pugilist Contrasted.

There has been so much moralizing on the sharp contrast between the victorious pugilist who wins $50,000 on a single "battle" and the country minister who toils a year for his $500 salary, that there is danger of forgetting the fact that the bruiser rarely retains any of his ill-gotten booty. "Easy come easy goes seldom has a better illustration," says the Boston Journal, "John Morrissey, who was once worth half a million, died without a cent and heavily in debt. Heenan, who fought with Sayres in the most famous match the world ever saw, like Morrissey turned gambler, and for a brief while rode on the top wave of fortune, but succumbed to consumption, alone and penniless out West somewhere, a few months after his wife had been buried in the Potter's field. Sayres, his old foe, once the idol of England, perished in miserable poverty in the London slums, and Billy Perry, the "Tip, ton Slasher," ended his days in a poor-house." We really can not see why these facts should make the five-hundred dollar clergyman feel any easier. The "bruisers" had the money, had the chances to lay-up something for old age; the clergyman has neither money nor chance.

FAIRVIEW MINERS.

A Meeting Held to Discuss Suggested Changes in the Mining Act.

FAIRVIEW, B. C., Jan. 23.—A miners' meeting was held at Camp Fairview, Okanagan, on Wednesday evening, January 18th, to consider the proposed changes in the Mining Act. The meeting was numerously attended and great interest was evinced by the miners present, in the resolutions presented to the meeting, the points at issue being thoroughly discussed.

Mr. Thomas Elliot, merchant of Fairview, was unanimously elected chairman, and having called the meeting to order he suggested that Mr. H. Nicholson act as secretary, and state generally the object of the meeting. That gentleman briefly outlined the differences between the act of '91 and '92 and pointed out that as certain changes would be made in the present act during the coming session of the legislature, it was a duty the miners of Fairview owed to themselves and to their camp, which bids fair to become one of the leading mining camps of British Columbia, to furnish the Government, in the form of resolutions, with their views as to the most desirable changes to be made. The principal points to be discussed were the size of claims, the manner of staking, mineral in place, etc., and he trusted that a full and free discussion would take place, so that satisfactory results might be attained.

Mr. James Turby opened the discussion on the size of claims. He was strongly in favor of the old law, 1500 feet by 600 feet. Messrs. Buchan, Hines and others spoke in the same strain, the only difference of opinion being as to the manner of staking. Eventually Mr. D. A. Carmichael proposed and Mr. Maryott seconded the following resolution, which was passed unanimously:

"That the size of a mineral claim be 1500 feet by 600 feet, staked in the manner described in section 15, Mineral Act '91, and with all the privileges contained in section 31 of the same act."

The next subject of discussion was the necessity of showing minerol in place before recording. It was generally agreed that a check should be put upon indiscriminate staking, but great difference of opinion existed as to what should be accepted as the proper definition of mineral in place. Finally Mr. Turby proposed and Mr. D. A. Carmichael seconded the following resolution:

"That it be not lawful for a miner to receive a mineral claim unless he can show he has 'mineral bearing rock' in place."

As this resolution would put a restriction in the location of mineral claims, virtually compelling the locator to do a certain amount of work before recording, Mr. Duncan Woods moved and Mr. Buchan seconded the following:

"That it be lawful for a miner to stake and record any number of claims in any one mining division, provided he does not record two claims in one and the same lode."

Mr. A. W. Hensinger then proposed extending the time for recording claims; he was seconded by Mr. Turby and supported in his views by several speakers, the following resolution being unanimously passed: "That the time for recording a mineral claim after location be extended from 15 days to 30 days."

Some discussion then took place as to the surface rights of a miner to his claim, more particularly with respect to the timber, and resulted in Mr. John Stevens proposing, and Mr. Carmichael seconding the following resolution:—"That every lawful claim owner have the exclusive right to the timber on his location."

The clause permitting the payment of $500 in lieu of work was mentioned as being detrimental to the development of a mining camp, but no resolution was taken.

This brought the business of the meeting to an end, all expressing themselves much pleased with the manner in which the first miners' meeting at Fairview had been conducted and with a hearty vote of thanks to the chairman and secretary the meeting dissolved.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer Islander from Vancouver.—C Bloom, E Monroe, N B Gauvreau, F C Hutchins, H G Robinson, Jas Panch, E Brenchley, G E Corrigan, R H Benedict, R Mahon, John Dickinson, F R Phillips, Chas Holmes, J Brag, J H Post, W H Redmond, J A Vertue, F Foster, F V Austin, E R Vernon, J H Bennett, F C Cotton, H B Smith, J A Richard, A Lennox, J Flett, Miss Hardy, W J Cruell, C B Sword, Mrs Vertue, G B Martin, R H Gosnell, Mrs Blake, Mrs L Montrosa, A F Owen, Geo Gregg, A McDonald, D P Clark, M C Puguette.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Islander from Vancouver—C A Vernon, Langley & Co, Rev Canon Paddon, Ven Archdeacon Collison, H D Helmcken, H Mansell, R McDonald, T B Pearson, J H Baker, C Strouss, Quintard & P, A B Erskine, Albion Iron Works, A B Gray, Lemon & Gavnason, W G Cameron, B Williams, J H Todd & Son, B Gordon, Gilmore & McC, Lenz & Leiser, J T Heath, E B Marvin, P D Dodds, Ramsay Bros, R P Rithet, Redon & Hartnagle, T Earle, Dom Exp Co.

Per stmr Walla Walla from San Francisco—A Schanter, Albion Iron Works, Ames Holden & Co, A C Brown & Co, A Newman, A J Rowbotham, A Choen, B Levy, Brackman & Ker Milling Co, Carne & Munsie, Colonist Printing and Publishing Co, D H Ross & Co, E G Prior & Co, E B Marvin & Co, E Harrison, Ellis & Co, G Rookledge, Hudson Bay Co, Hip Lung, J Johnson & Co, J Barnsley & Co, J & A Clearihue, J M Todd & Son, Kuang Yuen Co, Kurtz & Co, Lenz & Leiser, Langley & Co, L Goodacre, Mathews R & T, M A G McCandless, M Escalet, Nicholls & R, Order A F Engelhardt, Order, P McQuade & Son, Peter McQuade, R Baker & Son, R Maynard, R P Rithet & Co, R Wolfenden, R Ward & Co, S Leiser, T Earle, T W Fletcher, T N Hibben & Co, R Mansel, Vaio & Brooks, Wilson Bros, Waxstock Bros, Weiler Bros, Yuen Lung Way Kee, Ying Chong Lung, Her Majesty's dock yard, T McNeely, A Hamilton, J W Andizewski, Westminster F and M Works, C Anderson, F R Stewart, J G Hutchinson, McMillan & H, Thos Dunn & Co, Wells Fargo & Co.

Large line of lace curtins in white and ecru just received by Weiler Bros., 51 to 55 Fort street.

Krupp and His Workmen.

One of the greatest manufactering establishments in the world is the Krupp cast steel works at Essen in Germany. Experiments at improving the condition of the laboring people employed there have been going on for twenty-five years, during which period the number of employees has increased from 8,000 to 25,000, and, with their families, from 30,000 to 85,000 persons. For twenty years before 1870 the condition of the people in the growing town was very unsatisfactory, and landlords and traders practically robbed them. The sanitary condition was very bad, the annual death rate being over 5½ per cent. of the population. These conditions led to revolutionary and socialistic meetings and outbreaks, and finally to a great strike in 1872 that lasted six weeks. The firm had already been building houses for its employes, and now took hold of matters with more energy and determination. According to the Providence Telegram its efforts have resulted in the erection of over three thousand seven hundred comfortable dwellings and in the establishment by the firm of large stores to free the people of the exactions of the old traders.

The scheme which has been carried out consists of four branches: 1. The building and renting of workingmen's dwellings. 2. The firm's co-operative stores and boarding accommodation for unmarried workmen. 3. The treatment and prevention of sickness and disease. 4. Insurance against accident and sickness; pension fund, savings banks, etc. To these are also added the establishment of common and industrial schools, the education of apprentices and the training of young girls in housekeeping; humanitarian rules in factory work; assistance in maintaining religious teachings, and in charity work. In buildings the firm have invested about $3,500,000. They refuse to sell them to their men, fearing they might thus pass into the hands of speculators. A co-operative store, already existing in 1868, was bought by the company and its scope enlarged. All sales are on a cash basis. Anybody can buy from it, but the employes only are entitled to books, in which all purchases are entered, and at the end of a year they receive a cash rebate proportioned to the amount of their sales. This store now comprises perhaps fifty branch establishments, such as fifteen retail groceries, a shoe factory and stores, clothing establishments and so on. And among the employes of these stores are more than 500 widows and daughters of workmen.

The best thing about this, as we learn from recent report on the subject, is that Mr. Krupp does not consider the money he has invested in these enterprises as spent in charity, but as a judicious outlay which has brought him in as good a return in money as his outlay in any other direction.

Complete house furnishings in great variety at Weiler Bros,

To Rent.

ONE OF THE FINEST OFFICES IN THE CITY

Splendid location. On ground floor, Five Sisters Block. Large; well lighted by electricity; heated with steam. Apply at C. P. R. ticket office. oct12-1m

JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad street, between Johnson and Pand streets

VICTORIA, B. C.

West Kootenay District—Slocan Recording Division.

"WANACOTT."

Take notice, that we, S. S. Bailey, certificate No. 30798, and G. M. Sproat, No. 42910, intend 60 days from the date hereof to apply to the gold commissioner for a Crown Grant of the above claim. And further take notice that adverse claims must be sent to the Gold Commissioner and action commenced within the said sixty days. S. S. BAILEY, G. M. SPROAT.

Nelson B.C., Nov. 22, 1892. dec2-2m

LYON & HEALY, 154 to 166 State St., Chicago. Will Mail Free their newly enlarged Catalogue of Band Instruments, Uniforms and Equipments, 400 Fine Illustrations, describing every article required by Bands or Drum Corps. Contains Instructions for Amateur Bands, Exercises and Drum Major's Tactics, Rules, Laws and a Selected List of Band Music.

CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS, DESIGN PATENTS, COPYRIGHTS, etc.

For information and free Handbook write to MUNN & CO., 361 BROADWAY, NEW YORK. Oldest bureau for securing patents in America. Every patent taken out by us is brought before the public by a notice given free of charge in the

Scientific American

Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, $3.00 a year; $1.50 six months. Address MUNN & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York City.

For Fashionable Clothing

—GO TO—

D. CAMPBELL & CO.

88 Government Street.
No Fancy Prices.

WHEN

WOODENWARE

OR

WASHBOARDS

THE Are wanted ask for

E. B. EDDY CO'S

Their name is a guarantee of superiority.

Jas. Mitchell, Agent, 102 Government St., Victoria

mon

3 PRACTICAL POINTS

One of the most successful German physicians gave as the secret of his wonderful success these three important points:—

1. **Keep the Head Cool.**
2. **Keep the Bowels Open.**
3. **Keep the Feet Warm.**

These conditions are not so easily obtained as one would think. Why? Because without pure and healthy blood a vigorous circulation cannot be kept up, and because the food and occupation of most people tends to clog up the bowels and produce constipation. The success of B. B. B., like that of the German physician, lies in so purifying the blood and regulating the bowels, liver and stomach, that these three conditions are fulfilled easily, and disease can find no lodgment in the body.

THE BEST SPRING MEDICINE.

B B B

This medicine does purify the blood and cure all diseases arising from impure or unhealthy blood. It does regulate the entire system and cure constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, sick headache, scrofula, skin diseases, rheumatism, and all disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels. During the past ten years over one million bottles have been sold in Canada, and, although we guarantee every bottle to do all we claim, we have not received a single complaint.

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L. M. S. DAVYS, M.E. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S

PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized, Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there is thus able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

—OFFICES—

VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade, Government Street. NELSON, B.C.

The Victoria Lithograph Co.,

(LIMITED)

CORNER YATES AND GOVERNMENT STREETS, UPSTAIRS,

Is now prepared to turn out all classes of work, such as

Maps, Checks, Drafts,
Bill Heads, Letter Heads,
Note Heads, Labels,
Wedding & Visiting Cards,
Etc., Etc.

VISITING CARDS printed from Copper plates and stone.

PORTRAITS enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's art.

Orders left at the TIMES Office or with the Manager will be promptly attended to

W. R. CREECH, Manager.

THOS. SPENCE,
Notary Public and Land Agent
KELOWNA
Okanagan Mission, B.C.
ly- dw

A. MAXWELL MUIR,
ARCHITECT,
Rooms 3 and 18, - - - Thrasher Block
ap22

SITUATIONS VACANT.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—Girl to nurse baby. No other children. Apply 106 Government Street. ja28-3t

WANTED—Well educated youth to learn a good mechanical trade. Must live at home. Box 242, City.

WANTED—A good plumber with small capital, who thoroughly understands hot water and steam heating; to combine with an old established stove, tinware and hot air business. Apply, Plumber, TIMES Office. de1

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A FIRST-CLASS MILKER wants a position. Apply Commercial Hotel. ja24-1w

WANTED—By middle aged lady, situation as housekeeper. Address, N. R., TIMES Office. de28

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTED—Comfortable board and lodging in private house for family of three. Address M. Y., this office. tf

WANTED TO RENT—About March 10th, a house with not less than 4 bedrooms, bath, hot and cold water and all conveniences. Careful tenant. Lease will be taken if house suitable. Rent must be moderate. Address T. H., TIMES Office.

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—A pair of gold rimmed glasses. Finder will be rewarded on leaving them at the TIMES Office. no23-tf

FOR SALE.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of a cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—A few cutters. Apply Wm. Powell, Ontario Wagon Shops. ja28 3t

WANTED—To exchange suburban acreage property for good cottage. Large lot worth $500, within city limits. Send address property to exchange. Only owners dealt with. Address B. P., TIMES Office. ja28-2t

FOR SALE—One half interest in a good milk business, with 23 cows and 7 horses, also 20 fine young heifers, and all kinds of farming implements, with a good run of customers; also 75 pigs, old and young, also one farm of 172 acres. For further particulars apply to James N. Algar, Nanaimo, B. C., Cranberry District n11-tf-d-w

FOR SALE—One American leather topped buggy, single and double harness, one American Rockaway, horses, milch cows. Apply to W. J. McKeon, Oriental Hotel. ja5-1m

TO LET.

Advertisements under this head will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATION for light housekeeping, at Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior St., James Bay. ja4-tf

$10 A MONTH—Nice detached cottages, Spring Ridge, six rooms each; this rent is very moderate. Also seven-roomed house and shop. Apply C. Farrington, Spring Ridge, or Mr. Kearns on the premises. se20tf

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY.
Established 1797. Amount insured $300,000,000.
H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent
Bastion street, Victoria, B. C. ja31-1y

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS

THOMAS HOOPER
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

PIANO TUNING.

PIANOS TUNED AND REGULATED, $2.
MR. W. C. WINDEBANK, Vocal Humorist, Teacher of Vocal Music. Voices trained and improved for public singing. Terms moderate. 85 Fort St. A few more members wanted to complete singing class. Satisfaction guaranteed not-tf

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 22.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary. ja13

SONS OF ERIN
Meet in Pioneer Hall, Broad St., on second Wednesday in each month, at 8 p.m. All Irishmen are invited to join.
RICHARD ACKLAND, Hon. Sec'y.

SONS OF ENGLAND BENEVOLENT SOC'Y
Pride of the Island No. 131 meets first and third Wednesdays at 7:45 p.m., in St. George's Hall, Government and Bastion Sts. Visiting brethren cordially invited. ARTHUR LEE, P.O. Box 782. su19yr Secretary.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja16 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. fy30 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited.
1-1y E. L. LANGLEY, Scrib. E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P.
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend.
E. PFERDNER, K. of R. & S.
c.ef

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN SOCIETY
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Secretary.

PHYSICIANS.

J. K. GARROW, M.D.,
Has removed from 35 Superior Street, and the Wilson Block, Yates Street, to the London Block, cor. Broad and Johnson Streets. ja17tw

REMOVAL.

DR. METHERELL,
Has removed from Victoria West and Government Street to 106 Yates Street. Telephone No. 80.

DR. E. C. FOOT,
B. A. and M. B., University of Dublin. Licentiate Royal College of Surgeons, Ireland. Residence, 129 Michigan Street, James Bay. Office, Jewell Block, corner Yates and Douglas Streets. de3

DR. ERNEST HALL,
L.R.C.P., Edinb rgh,
Physician, Surgeon, etc., Specialty:—Eye Ear, Nose and Throat.
Office, corner Yates and Douglas streets.
Residence, corner Cadbore Bay road and Fernwood. au4

MRS. E. GALE,
Ladies' Nurse, from Sydney, N.S.W. Testimonials. 27 Spring Road, Spring Ridge. ja4-1m

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE.
137 Cormorant Street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher, Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS.
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 126

JOHN J. AUSTIN
NOTARY PUBLIC
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street Victoria. P.C Box 33.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184. ju18

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coa and wood for sale e29-1y

TENDERS WANTED.

NOTICE.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned until the 31st January, 1893, for the purchase of Lot 815, Victoria City, having a frontage of sixty feet on Herald Street by a depth of 120 feet, together with the 5-roomed cottage situated thereon, which property belongs to the estate of the late John Stevens. Tenders to be addressed, Wm. Whittaker, 128 Government street. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WILLIAM WHITTAKER,
E. ESCALET,
T. W. CARTER,
Trustees of the Estate of the said John Stevens, deceased. ja20-1w

NELSON AND FORT SHEPPARD RAILWAY.

Notice to Contractors.

Notice is hereby given that sealed tenders will be received at the office of the Nelson and Fort Sheppard Railway Company, in the City of Victoria B. C., up to February 16th, 1893, for the construction of the said railway from Nelson, B. C. to a point at or near Fort Sheppard, B. C. Bids will be entertained for the work as a whole or in part.

The company will reserve the right to reject any or all bids. Maps, profiles and specifications for said work will be on file at the office of the company, 40 Government street, Victoria.

Victoria, Jan. 10th, 1893.

C. T. DUPONT,
Pres. Nelson and Fort Sheppard Railway Company.

j23

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

Victoria Building Society.

The Annual General Meeting of the above Society will be held at Sir William Wallace Society Hall, Broad street (opposite View), on Tuesday evening, 31st January, 1893, at 8 p. m., for the following business:

1. To receive the Secretary's yearly report and balance sheet.
2. The election of officers and board of management.
3. 30th drawing for an appropriation, and such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

See that your shares are in good standing.

By order.
A. ST. G. FLINT, Secretary.
ja25-td

Thunder Hill Mining Company, Ltd.

NOTICE.

The Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of the above Company will be held in the office of the Company, 42 Government street, Victoria, on Tuesday, the 31st January, 1893, at 8 p.m.

The books will be closed for transfer of shares Tuesday, January 24th.

W. H. BAINBRIDGE, Secretary.
December 31, 1892. ian7-m-w-s-td

PUBLIC NOTICE.

As complaints have been made by residents of the higher levels that they are unable to obtain water, for the reason that it is being allowed to run to waste on the lower levels, the attention of all those so wasting water is called to the provisions of the "Water Works Prohibition By-Law," under which parties guilty of improperly wasting water are liable on conviction to a penalty of $100.

E. A. WILMOT,
Water Commissioner.

January 27, 1893. ja28-tf

Amusements.

For particulars and dates of amusements, see fourth page, column next editorial.

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.

2 NIGHTS ONLY 2

Tuesday and Wednesday

JANUARY 31 & FEBRUARY 1.

CHARMING

Katie Putnam,

IN TWO NEW PLAYS.

Tuesday Evening, Jan. 31st, the new Comedy Drama,

AN UNCLAIMED EXPRESS PACKAGE

Wednesday Evening, February 1st, Last Appearance,

THE LITTLE MAVERICK.

"A maverick is any stray cattil critter, without mark or brand, which roams over the ranges, a prey to every raskil of a cayote and cattil stealer."

Seats on sale at Jamieson's Saturday, Jan. 29th. Regular prices. ja27-td

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

Seattle is to have a U. S. observatory and signal station. Victoria should receive the weather predictions here as they would answer fairly well.

Miss Rose La Monde and Mr. Cockburn Thomson were engaged Saturday by Mr. Schilling for his next season which opens at Chicago in August.

The next class instruction at the James Bay club, under Leader St. Clair, will take place to-morrow night. A large attendance of members is requested.

J. Isaacs has received a letter from his old home, Exein, Prussia, announcing the death of his father at the hale old age of 101. Mr. Isaacs left his home 43 years ago.

The Young Ladies' Institute will give an At Home in Philharmonic Hall, on Wednesday evening. The Institute always handles its guests very pleasantly and will do so this time.

R. B. Oxley, the insurance man, fell on Douglas street Saturday evening, breaking a bone in his ankle. He was assisted to the Balmoral Hotel, and Dr. Fraser attended to him. He will be laid up for a month.

The sixth annual ball given by the sergeant-major, staff-sergeants and sergeants of "C" Battery, R.C.A., will take place at the racquet court at the battery on the night of Feb. 10. The invitations have been issued.

John Petticrew, of this city, is in Seattle searching for his son John Petticrew, jr., who with his family packed up last September and left the city. He said nothing before he left and the relations between the two families were very pleasant.

Rev. Father Marion, one of the Redemptorist priests who conducted the mission at St. Andrew's Roman Catholic cathedral last fall, died at Coupeville, Whidby Island, on Friday of heart failure. The interment will probably be at Seattle.

A ball in aid of Samaritan Home will be given at Philharmonic Hall on Tuesday, February 8. It will be under the patronage of Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Dewdney. Tickets will be $2 apiece, or three for $5, and it is to be hoped that there will be a large attendance.

The ladies and gentlemen who will take part in the concert at St. Saviour's church to-night are as follows: Mrs. Janion, Mrs. Scaife, Mrs. Sherwood, Miss Mercie Twiss, Miss Daisy Hardie, Professor Strausse, Messrs. Scaife, Davies, Wollaston, Greig, Middleton, Keating, Maurice, Ross Munro and Sergeant Proctor.

The Famous Three R's Speech.

NEW YORK, Jan. 30.—In a sermon on the lessons taught by the lives of the eminent men who have died recently, the Rev. Dr. McArthur, of the Calvary church, told last night how Dr Burchard came to make his first three R's speech in the campaign of 1884. The Rev. Dr. Armitage, he said, had been selected to make the address to Mr. Blaine, but he was absent in Philadelphia, and after waiting nearly an hour for his arrival, Dr. Burchard was substituted. Burchard did not know that he was to make the address until five minutes before he confronted Mr. Blaine. Dr. McArthur said that he stood between Dr. Burchard and Mr. Blaine during the delivery of the address and watched Mr. Blaine's face when the "fatal phrase" was spoken, hoping that, with his consummate tact, Mr. Blaine would turn it to his advantage. Mr. Blaine, he said, seemed not to hear the words. He was standing with his hands folded and apparently in deep thought; his mind was evidently not on the address.

RELIGIOUS TRAINING IN SCHOOLS.

TO THE EDITOR:—Col. Baker has made a grave mistake in not embodying the whole instead of only part of the Church of England catechism in the proposed amendment to Section 62 of the School Act. Surely it must have been an oversight on his part. If we are going to have anything of this sort, why not introduce the catechism of the Roman Catholic Church and that of Presbyterians? If religion is such a good thing we cannot have enough of it. It is too bad that Presbyterian, Baptist, Methodist and Christadelphian children are to be compelled to repeat a catechism which is not taught them by their parents, and it should be the ambition of Col. Baker to provide each child with something to repeat taken from the catechism of its parents' church or denomination. FAIR PLAY.

Anglo-American Club.

Owing to a printer's error this rule was omitted from numerous copies of the constitution of the club sent out RULE VI. members (except such as reside outside a radius of ten miles from the club house in the city of Victoria) shall be considered town members and shall be requested to pay in addition to any entrance fee the sum of six dollars quarterly in advance. The first 200 applicants admitted free of any entrance fee.

Sealers are fitting out at McLennan & McFeely's.

Pocket and table cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the

Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,

At No. 37 Yates street, near Government Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States, or Great Britain for $2.00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.

NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths, free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1.50.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in brevier (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25 cents a line for first insertion, and 12½ cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12½ cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address

THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY, Ld.

WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

Changes of Advertisements.

It is necessary that copy for changes of advertisements (to be sure of insertion) should be handed in on the day previous to that on which their appearance is desired.

The Daily Times.

PROVINCIAL AFFAIRS.

The Colonist and the Vancouver World seem to think it strange that the other four daily papers in the province should speak in terms of even moderate approval of the local "speech from the throne." If the two organs reflected they might come to an appreciation of the fact that though they feel in duty bound to praise all the Government's actions, the other papers are not constrained to find fault at all times. But if the two sycophants would reflect a little further, they would find that the Government's programme is composed mainly of Opposition "thunder." When the Government comes round to our way of thinking, it world be strange indeed if we straightway "pitched into" it. Of course we are treating of the programme so far merely in outline; there may be much in the details of the proposed legislation with which we cannot agree.

If the Government organs were in any way independent the fault-finding would come from their side. In school matters, for instance, they warmly upheld the action of the Government in taking power as much as possible out of the people's hands. Last session they saw the old Government compelled to take one step back towards popular control, and now they see the new one advance further towards the position strongly held by its opponents. The Colonist last session condemned the moderate measure of self control then restored; therefore the new proposal must be as gall and wormwood to its taste.

The Vancouver World holds forth in this style:—

Vancouer has no quarrel with an administration that has already given us a distinct registration district; a judicial district- a grant of 160 acres of valuable land; a yearly grant to the city hospital and fire brigade, and now is about to build the finest Court House in the Province, while many more concessions and favors certain are to follow. John C. Brown ought to stay home and try and get something for his constituents who are getting to be pretty sick of him.

Precisely. The World has no use for any member who does not "get something for his constituents." Same with the Government. But in order to "get something" the member must support the Government through thick and thin, no matter whether he regards it as right or wrong. In fact he is supposed to keep his conscience in suspension while he is "getting something." This scheme looks horribly like one form of bribery and corruption, but of course the pure-mined World would not support it if it were really that.

At the Vancouver meeting on Friday night it was declared that a dissolution should follow immediately upon redistribution, so that effect might be given to the changes in representation. The example of Great Britain was cited in support of this proposition. Mr. McLagan combatted the notion, alleging that "in Canada the principle had been followed of making changes one or two sessions prior to a dissolution of the House." Canadian procedent was good enough for Mr. McLagan, and good enough for the Government of British Columbia. Well, it so happens that Sir John Macdonald dissolved Parliament in 1882 immediately after the redistriburion, contending that changes in the constitutencies should be reflected in Parliament as quickly as possible. He also said something about English precedent being in favor of such a course. Premier Mowat followed Sir John's example. But Sir John's successors did not deem it necessary to follow the recent redistribution with a new election, and neither would Sir John if he had been still alive. The fact is that he and his successors dealt with the matter just as suited their purposes, and we have no doubt that is the sort of "precedent" which Mr. McLagan would like to see the Davie Government follow. English precedent is good when it fits in with our Government's and legislators' intentions; but when it conflicts with these it must necessarily go to the wall. The same may be said of Canadian precedent.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

One by one the monarchies fade.

Queen Liliuokalani did not get just what she grasped at.

It is really satisfactory to learn that no legal trickery will stand in the way of Sir Adolphe Caron enjoying his plate of Tarte.

The communication from "Scissors" will not appear because its author was of opinion that there "is no need to give the name of the writer."

What an unhappy thing it is for the Toronto World that it does not live in Hawaii. It would then have found some real annexationists to go crazy over.

During the ten years 1881-1891 the population of Canada increased by 520,000 people. In the same time 260,000 native Canadians left this country and settled in the States. And now the Empire speaks of "that so-called exodus."

The "czar" ought to be popular with the doctors, or at least with his favorites among the profession. From a return presented to the legislature it appears that the sum of $10,223.36 was paid for vaccination expenses! The doctors do not get a chance very often to bleed the public treasury, but they evidently make the most of the opportunity when it offers.

The personal property tax paid by Victoria to the Provincial Government for the year ending June last amounted to $28,738.54. This is more than one-third of the entire contribution from this source from the whole province. Vancouver paid $8,988.83; New Westminster City $9,377.80, and Nanaimo $2,199.94. New Westminster District was the largest contributor to the public exchequer, but a large proportion of its $173,374.55 is comprised of land sales, timber licenses, etc. Victoria's total of $79,004.83 is made up of fees and taxes altogether.

Montreal Star: An Empire summary of a speech of Mr. McNeil, of Bruce, contains this pen picture of the present condition of Great Britain: "Failing trade, crumbling industries, a dying agriculture, penury and want, and a swarming population." This is sad indeed; and causes us to think of the prophesied Australian sitting on the ruined arch of London bridge and moralizing over the crumbling remains of St. Paul's. The good Mr. McNeil has a remedy for all this, however. He proposes to tax the English people on their food, while still allowing Canadian and colonial competition generally to keep the British farmer from profiting greatly by the tax.

HEALTH OFFICER'S REPORT.

Dr. Duncan Makes a Number of Very Important Recommendations.

Dr. Duncan, city health officer, presented a report to the City Council last week which contains a number of very valuable recommendations. The following is the full text of the Dr.'s report:

VICTORIA, B.C., Jan. 25, 1893.

To His Worship the Mayor and Aldermen, City of Victoria:

GENTLEMEN:—During the two months I have had the honor of being Medical Health Officer for Victoria, I have endeavored to make myself familiar with the sanitary condition of the city.

It seems scarcely necessary to say much about the naturally healthy conditions of the city, which have had so much to do with the sanitary reputation it enjoys among the cities of this coast and the Dominion.

Immediately prior to my appointment the city had a comparatively severe visitation of smallpox, nevertheless the death rate has been but little higher than the average, a further proof of the natural healthfulness of Victoria.

That section of the city known as Chinatown has been repeatedly visited by me personally as well as by the sanitary officer and the police. It is notorious that the conditions under which the Chinese exist are in the highest degree repulsive. Fortunately they occupy a small part of the city. I would advise that the sewer be extended to their streets as soon as possible, and that changes be made in the Municipal law by which the sanitary officials could prevent overcrowding and could force the Chinamen to keep their buildings and premises in a pure condition. In view of the threatened invasion of cholera active measures on the part of the city should at once be taken.

A great part of the laundry work of this city is done by Chinamen in establishments into which air seldom enters, except when the doors are opened for the ingress and egress of the washermen. Besides, these washermen sleep in these laundries, continuing their work day and night, the men off duty taking the places in the bunks of those who succeed them at the washtub. Many of these laundries have very limited means for drying clothes, the drippings from them percolate through the floor and add to the general unhealthfulness. Here also it appears to me the municipal law fails to meet the case.

It would seem, inasmuch as milk is so important an element in the daily diet of the household, that something more is needed to ensure its absolute purity than is at present being provided. In every city it has been found difficult to secure a daily inspection of the article as delivered to customers, still much could be done here were the milk farms and dairies subjected to occasional official visits when the conditions under which the cattle are kept, the food and water supplied to them and the individual by whom they are tended and milked would be fitting subjects for enquiry.

It is not necessary to discuss the system which has been adopted for the sewerage of the city, but I would advise that as early as possible connections be made from all parts of the city with the main sewer, and that this comparatively expensive work be put without delay to the use for which it is designed.

It is and must be matter of regret that the public market has not been utilized to a greater extent by butchers and vegetable men, were this institution more largely patronized by both buyer and seller there would be more satisfaction to the purchaser and more certainty of excellence of quality than obtains under the system by which these perishable articles are bought and sold. The exposure on the public streets and in stalls open to them of meats, animal or vegetable, ought not to be allowed.

Latest scientific developments continually bring home to us the fact that what have been in the past considered as comparatively simple maladies are of the most infectious character, whooping cough for instance, while scarlet fever is to-day regarded as probably the most contagious of them all; and it is in the highest interests, particularly of those attending the schools, that it be made impossible that these diseases be conveyed to them in the clothing or persons of their classmates. In this connection the necessity of medical men's making precise and early reports to your health officer cannot be too forcibly dwelt upon. They should be required also to secure early and complete isolation in as bare a room as possible of even suspicious cases.

It would be hard to speak too strongly of the paramount importance of an infectious disease hospital for Victoria. Its want was never greater than it is today. We have at the present time no adequate place for the accommodation of smallpox patients, and in the event of another outbreak are comparatively little better off than we were last year. It should be borne in mind that the Jubilee quarantine station was established to supply what was expected to be only a temporary requirement. The buildings are consequently of the most unsubstantial character, having no appliances or means of purifying them, and their furnishings, etc., must ever remain more or less charged with disease. A substantial building is required, built according to modern methods for such institutions, where smallpox patients can be treated as scientifically as cases of rheumatism, and where into a room even a chicken-pox patient might be placed without fear of exposure to smallpox germs. This is possible to have, and is an absolute necessity. Our continually increasing relations with the Orient render provisions of this kind essential.

Good work has been done by Sanitary Officer Bailey and Officer Redgrave in visiting houses and premises of our citizens and causing the suppression and removal of nuisances. But in an enlightened country like ours, the individual householder should himself do more. In fact he should make it his business to see that there are no grounds for complaint and should deem it only the refinement of citizenship to act to a certain extent as his own health officer.

The city should provide some small room with necessary apparatus for disinfection of its sanitary officials who may be thrown in the way of contagion, and to which medical men may resort for the purpose of the fumigation of their clothing. The want of this should be self-evident. Indeed its provision is one which the city owes to its officials. It would not be an expensive thing to supply and its own conditions would be such as to render it in no sense a danger even in the most crowded parts of the city.

At all times, I shall be happy to discuss health matters with your board, and indeed I am anxious to do so and the more we all work together the greater and more beneficial will be the result. I have the honor to be, gentlemen, your obedient servant,

GEO. H. DUNCAN,
Medical Health Officer.

Board of Health.

The Board of Health will meet in executive session to morrow morning. The Watt bill will probably receive consideration, although the members of the council have about made up their minds on the matter. It is said that they feel that if Dr. Watt wants to do business with them direct they will talk to him, but they do not feel disposed to confer with him through the Provincial Government.

The Islander's Anniversary.

There will be a concert on the steamer Islander to-night to celebrate the 1000th trip of the steamer made a week ago. Capt. Rudlin and the officers have issued a large number of invitations to their friends and patrons of the boat. A very pleasant time is looked for.

Mrs. Blackmore will give a tie and apron dance in Harmony Hall Thursday, February 2nd. Tickets admitting lady and gentleman $1.00, supper included. Every lady will bring a tie and apron to match. Bantly family will furnish music.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Snow! Slush! Cough! LANGLEY'S Balsam of Aniseed! Cured!

AN APPALLING FATALITY.

Two Men Killed by a Boiler Exploding at the Tumbo Island Coal Mine.

Contractor M. G. M. Morrison and Assistant Engineer John Harris the Victims.

The Tumbo Island coal mine was the scene of an appalling accident yesterday morning. The boiler used in hoisting from the shaft exploded and M. G. M. Morrison, one of the contractors, and John N. Harris, the assistant engineer, were instantly killed. The building in which the explosion took place was completely wrecked. The cause of the accident is a mystery. The boiler was only carrying 65 pounds of steam, and had been tested up to 110 pounds, and there was plenty of water in it.

The accident and attendant circumstances are best described in the language of Mr. P. Watelet, who came down from the scene of the disaster on the Islander last night. Said he: "I left my house on the island at 9 o'clock yesterday morning and walked over to the mine, half a mile away. I went into the engine room and found a number of men standing around in there. We have been working day and night shifts of late. Usually the men go in there on cold mornings. Mr. Harris, the assistant engineer, was in charge, and Mr. Morrison, the contractor, the blacksmith and several others were standing about. I took a look around and saw for myself how much steam the boiler was carrying, and that there was plenty of water in the boiler. The steam gauge registered at 65 pounds. I remained in the engine room for quite a little time, and then, impelled by something, I do not know what, strolled outside and started to walk up the hill. I had been gone but a few minutes when I heard a loud report. Turning quickly, the wrecked engine room greeted my eyes. I rushed back. Morrison and Harris were dead, and the blacksmith, who had been thrown a considerable distance, was stunned but uninjured. The structure was a complete wreck. The bodies of the two men were badly mutilated, the head of the engineer being almost blown off. I decided to come to Victoria immediatly, and have wired the coroner at Nanaimo to go out and take charge of the bodies. Tumbo island is, I believe, in his district. I talked the matter over with Chief Engineer Dean, and he can find no reason for the explosion. Mr. Harris was a very careful man. The blacksmith could throw no light on the cause of the explosion. The works at the mine overlook the water and are situated on the plateau formed by the bluffs. The shaft is open, with the boiler and engine room on one side and the blacksmith shop on the other. There were two boilers in the room, one large, and one small. The large one blew up. It was a comparatively new one, and always worked first-class."

Both of the dead men have families. Morrison had a wife and two children, who are now at Vancouver, and Harris a wife and five children residing at 16 Henry street, this city. Morrison has been in British Columbia for years. He and his father worked for William Wilson in the Nicola mines. He married at Nicola, and his wife was a Miss Scott. He was about 30 years of age. Mr. Watelet wired to a friend of Mrs. Morrison at Vancouver this morning, and by this time she has heard the terrible news. John Harris, the engineer, was a native of the Rice Lake district, Ontario, the same locality from which W. S. and T. S. Gore came, and was between 38 and 39 years years of age. He came here with his family and brother, Edward Harris, from North Dakota four years ago. He only went to work at Tumbo island four weeks ago, and had previously been out of work for months. The opening seemed a Godsend, he was in such straightened circumstances, but now the family are liable to feel the pinch of actual want. Edward Harris broke the news to his sister-in-law this morning, and she is nearly distracted. Harris has two other brothers now living in Ontario.

The inquest will probably be held to-morrow. The body of Morrison will most likely be sent to Vancouver for burial and that of Harris to Victoria.

Supt. Fred Hussey, of the Provincial Police, also wired the Nanaimo coroner and police to attend to the case.

Sealers Making Ready.

A number of sealers will get away this week. The Rosie Olsen, Capt. Whidden, will probably go to-morrow. The Libbie, Capt. Hackett; Annie C. Moore, Capt. Daly; Arietas, Capt. Douglas; Maude S., Capt. McKeil; Mary Ellen, Capt. Hughes; and Theresa, Capt. Lorentz, will all get away this week. The Annie E. Paint, of the Marvin fleet, which is to go out under Capt. Bissett, has to go on the ways, but will be ready by Sunday next. Geo. Munroe's schooner the Walter Rich, will fit and store shortly and go out in command of Capt. Balcom.

New Sanitary Officer

Robert Chipchase has been appointed sanitary officre in place of Mr. Bailey, who through ill health has been unable to fully perform the duties of the office. The latter will continue in office for a month or so. The new appointee needs no introduction to the Victoria public. Mr. Bailey will probably be given another position. During the smallpox invasion Mr. Bailey, at the risk of his health and life, did the actual work of handling the smallpox. He worked indefatigably and has also since then in cleaning up the city.

From the Outer Wharf.

The City of Kingston will leave from the outer wharf this evening and to-morrow evening.

Famous Cambridge sausages, Bologna sausages, pork pies, bacon, ham and poultry, at Whitelaw & Co's., 72 Fort street.

Funeral of George Elvin.

The funeral of the late George Elvin took place yesterday afternoon from Forrester's Hall. Services were read by Chief Ranger Speed.

A Goal Keeper.

The lacrosse club, it is understood, are arranging to bring another good lacrosse player to Victoria this season. He is a good goal keeper and would relieve W. Cullin when that gentleman is unable to play.

A Parlor Social.

A parlor social will be held on Wednesday evening in the parlor of the Centennial Methodist church, under the auspices of the ladies' aid. An interesting programme has been arranged and refreshments will be served.

Started Work.

The third session of the fifth Parliament met this afternoon for the dispatch of business. All the members are now in the city, but on account of illness Mr. I. B. Nason will be unable to attend the meeting of the House.

No Ice There.

A number of skaters went out to Mount Tolmie on Saturday in search of ice, but instead of ice they found a race track. The water had been drained off to allow the men to work on the new race track. Those who walked out "blessed" somebody.

Cariboo.

Charles Ramos, superintendent of the Slough Creek Mining Co., stated in an interview at Seattle that he expected the dirt in the mine to pay $180 to the cubic foot when bedrock was reached. He reports affairs to be in a satisfactory condition and prospects good.

An Important Meeting.

A general meeting of the Okell-Morris Fruit Preserving Company will be held on Wednesday evening at eight o'clock, in Morrow, Holland & Company's office. The object of the meeting is to amend the by-law in regard to the annual meeting and also to consider the balance sheet and the extension of the works.

Probably a Good Run.

Mr. Alexander Ewen, of Westminster, said of the salmon run this season: "It is probable from indications that the run will be large. Canners are making arrangements for a large pack. Six new canneries will be in operation. Royal city people are in hopes that the season will be a good one and are relying a great deal upon it."

A Horrible Death.

News has reached here of a shocking accident, which resulted in the death of L. H. McDermott, in the Kootenay country. He was going to Spokane to visit his family, and while on the steamer Nelson on Kootenay Lake was caught in the machinery and was so horribly mangled that only pieces of his skull could be found.

The Police Court.

There were four cases on the police court register this morning. The first offender, E. Scott, was sentenced to three months in the common jail for stealing two knives from a house of illfame. Ah Due paid $25 into the treasury for breaking the fire prevention by-law, and two drunks were dealt with in the usual way.

Poor Little Barefooted Children.

A family of children, whose father is in good circumstances, have been going about in a barefooted condition for days past. Their poor little toes blue with cold, looked most wretched. Their father when interviewed on the subject coolly replied, "Well, I am only waiting for Russell, McDonald & Co.'s annual boot and shoe sale to commence on February the first, when I can shoe the whole lot at half price."

Just an Indian Story.

The news sent in from Carmanah Point on Saturday evening regarding a supposed wreck in Clayoquot Sound arose out of a story told by some Indians. The Indians in talking to some white men related the story of a wreck that occurred in Clayoquot about ten years ago. The white men misunderstood the Indians and thinking they were talking of a recent wreck, telegraphed the news to the city.

Clean Up.

Dr. John C. Davie, acting as provincial health officer, sent out letters to the health officers of the province, just prior to his departure for Ottawa. He directs a general clean up of the different cities inside of 30 days, in view of the threatened invasion of cholera this year. In his letter to Dr. Geo. Duncan, health officer of Victoria, he directs that special attention be paid to Chinatown. This is already being done as vigorously as possible, but a general waking up on the subject will do no harm.

A Sudden Death.

Constance Wilhemina, the eldest daughter of H. B. W. Aikman, died at her parents' residence, Montreal street, yesterday, of heart disease. She had only been ill for a few days and her death was unexpected. The deceased was a native of Victoria, aged 19 years and 10 months. She was very popular among her friends in Victoria, New Westminster, and Oakland, California, in which places she has resided at different times. Mr. and Mrs. Aikman have the sympathy of their many friends in their sad bereavement. The funeral will take place on Wednesday at 10 a.m. from St. Andrew's R. C. cathedral.

IS THE BIBLE FROM GOD?

Sermon by Dr. Campbell—Col. Baker a Good Christian but a Bad Politician.

Notwithstanding the storm of yesterday, there was a good congregation at the First Presbyterian church to hear Dr. Campbell's lecture on the Bible. "Is it of God, or a human production?" Without discussing the various theories of inspiration the lecturer showed the superiority of the Bible to all other books, and pointed out some of its characteristics, which had upon them the impress of the hand of God. He put the Bible and its opponents under the microscope, which brought out the beauty and excellence of the former, and showed the foulest and most unlovely attributes of the latter. He showed that the attacks of Voltaire, Paine and that class of atheists, instead of injuring, advanced the cause of the Bible, and proved themselves to be false prophets. Col. Ingersoll's attacks on Moses were weak, and did not indicate that courage claimed for the little colonel by his admirers; for it does not take a very brave man to kick a dead lion. Any old woman could do that with safety. I would give $100, said the lecturer, to hear Moses a half an hour on the mistakes of the strutting colonel, whose great achievement in the American war was one insignificant battle in which he was wofully defeated.

The fact that the Bible tells the faults, sins and shortcomings of those who wrote it, showed that God had a good deal to do with the writing of that book. The biographies in it are such that God alone would write. Men never record in their auto-biographies their mean tricks, their crooked acts, their sins and disgraces. The Bible foretold events hundreds of years before they transpired, and as none but God knows the future, God must have guided the writers in their work. There are concord and harmony from Genesis to Revelation, and yet the Bible is composed of 66 books, written by 35 men, living in different countries, and over a period of 1500 years. This can be explained only as the Bible itself explains it: "Holy men of old wrote as they were moved by the Holy Ghost."

Dr. Campbell in a prologue to his lecture, said he was glad the Hon. the Minister of Education was making a move towards introducing a little religious instruction into our public schools, in which at present there is no recognition of God, which surely is a reflection on us as a Christian community. It was a move in the right direction, and he hoped the day was not far distant when the whole Bible would be on the desk of every school in British Columbia. Ministers of the gospel could easily be about better work than heaping "anathemas" on the head of a Christian gentleman, whose only offence was a desire to have "our duty to God and to man" inculcated in the minds of the children attending the public schools of the province, and remove that stain that our educational institutions are "Godless." Where the Minister made a mistake was in selecting two paragraphs of the "Anglican Church Catechism," to be repeated by the pupils every morning. The paragraphs themselves are as harmless as the Minister was innocent of intending to obtrude religion on the children of the province, or causing offense to those who might object even to the name of God in connection with education. The simple and honest way the Minister of Education went about the change, and the document out of which the selections were made, show plainly that Colonel Baker is a good man, but a bad politician. While no sensible man can take exception to said paragraphs, many, and among them the speaker, would strongly object to the "Anglican Church Catechism," or any other church catechism, being introduced, in whole or in part, into our public schools.

Will Go to the Wreck.

The tug Lorne and the steam schooner Bonanza are ready to leave for the wreck of the steamer Michigan as soon as Capt. Whitelaw gives them the word to start. The Lorne returned from the wreck on Saturday night, and in consequence of her report Capt. Whitelaw got the Bonanza in readiness to go to the wreck. As soon as the weather moderates the two vessels will go down to Bonilla Point and take off everything possible.

To Inspect the Lands.

An expert on coal lands will arrive from the east early in April to inspect the Graham Island coal fields, which are owned by Victoria capitalists. He will be in the employ of an American syndicate, who propose purchasing the land and opening up the mines if they are found to be all that they have been represented.

Will Be Reconsidered.

The action taken at the annual congregational meeting of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, in regard to the reduction of the minister's stipend, will be reconsidered at a special meeting of the congregation to be held this evening. Rev. Mr. McLeod announced the meeting from the pulpit yesterday.

"At Home" Postponed.

The "at home" announced to be held at Sheriff McMillan's residence to-morrow evening has been postponed on account of the severity of the weather. Notice will be given in a future issue of the evening on which the "at home" will be held.

SPENCER'S ARCADE SALE

BLANKETS

Grey Wool—7 lbs., $2.75; 8 lbs. $3.25.

White (ALL WOOL)—6 lbs., $2.95; 7 lbs., $3.75; 8 lbs. $4.25.

A better quality, full size, at $6.50. This is a splendid Blanket.

The best in the city, extra large size, all pure wool, $7.50.

WADDED COMFORTS

At 50c., 75c., 95c., $1.35 and $1.50.

Real Eider Down Quilts from $6.50.

These Goods are Seasonable and Fine Value.

D. SPENCER, Government St.

DULUTH

Situated at the entrance to Seymour Narrows, the Terminus of the Canada Western Railway, in connection with the Ferry to the Mainland.

LOTS IN THE ORIGINAL TOWNSITE.....

(Lots in the Original Townsite can be had at present prices until January 1st, when prices will be raised 25 per cent.)

The above statement was made in December last, and in conformity with same prices have been raised 25 per cent.

The firs payment of $100,000 of the subscription to the stock of the Railway Co. has been made.

The Lots owned by the Canada Western Railway Co. in Duluth are NOT FOR SALE.

HENRY CROFT, 72 Government St.

Do Not Miss

Reading this item. As Lange & Co. did not succeed in selling their business for the figure agreed to to their Eastern friend, nor in disposing of all of their stock this Christmas to the public, and as the building wherein they have conducted business for the last 17 years is to be destroyed shortly and a new one erected in place, under the circumstances Lange & Co. are obliged to reopen in their own place, No. 88 Douglas street, opposite Odd Fellows' hall. Reduced sales will continue until goods which are left are sold. Any one wishing to secure a good going business, established since 30 years, can do so at a very reasonable figure. And the new premises can be rented at a moderate rate.

The Tupper May be Floated.

The first attempt to wreck the schooner C. H. Tupper was begun yesterday, when Captains Kelly and Baker went to Pedder Bay on the Constance. A scow was taken down and some stuff was taken off, but it was too cold and stormy and the wreckers returned at 7 o'clock in the evening. Part of the crew are still at the schooner, and the rest are here in the city. The schooner, except for the hole in her bottom, is still intact, as is her rigging. The water is up over her starboard half way to the galley at high water. As soon as the weather moderates the work will proceed, and it is almost certain that the vessel will be successfully floated, although it will cost considerable money to repair it.

Getting the Lumber Ready.

The steamer Cariboo and Fly arrived at Nanaimo yesterday from the Skeena River, and F. J. Dalby, the purser, came to Victoria on the noon train. There has been plenty of frosty weather in the north, but very little snow. The men at the Royal Canadian Mill at Claxton are busy cutting spruce lumber for the bark S. S. McDonald, which will commence loading early next month for California.

Glasgow beef hams and finnan haddie by express at Jameson's, 33 Fort St.

Tennyson's poems, latest edition, just arrived and for sale by J. Johnson & Co.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.

Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard

Do You

WANT A

FRUIT OR CHICKEN RANCH

IN 5 OR 4 ACRE BLOCKS.

Half hour from the City Hall.
Good Roads. Good Water.
$100 Cash; balance spread over 6 or 8 years.

J. E. CRANE & CO.,

30 BROAD ST. AGENTS.

WEILER BROS

Lace Curtains.

A Large Stock of White and Ecru Lace Curtains just arrived.

New Lines of

Crockery and Glassware

continually arriving.

Complete House Furnishings

Inspection invited.

Show Rooms, 51 to 55 Fort St.
Furniture Factory, Humbolt St.

ABANDONED MINING CAMPS.

A Howling Wilderness Where Once Were 20,000 People.

Denver Sun:—Western mining camps yearly give striking evidences of the rise and fall of greatness, but perhaps no more remarkable instance is at hand than that of the queer old town of Pierce City, in Idaho. Its eventful history begins in 1860, when gold was discovered on Oro Fino Creek. A year had scarcely passed after the discovery when 20,000 restless souls were swarming along the creek, and the richness of digging soon made Oro Fino among the famous camps of the golden West. Gold was so plentiful that it seemed to lose its value, and men seemed rather in quest of the excitement attending the discovery of new fields than of the yellow metal. They spent their dust with a lavishness never witnessed before or since. Two years later Boise Basin electrified the civilized world with its marvelous richness, and with its rise began the decline of Oro Fino. Men with blankets on their backs started over the hills to the new El Dorado. But Oro Fino and Pierce City remained good camps for years, declining gradually as the ground was worked out. Thirty-two years have passed. Not a sign is left to indicate where once the booming camp of Oro Fino stood, while Pierce City is simply a relic of what was once the glory of Idaho; a reminder to the young men of the west who have come upon the scene that while they were being rocked in the cradle in their eastern homes, and before many of them had seen the light of day, a stern and rugged class of men—the noblest type of American manhood—were climbing high mountains, exploring deep gorges, blazing trails, fighting savage men and beasts, wresting the golden treasure from the mountains and preparing the way for homeseekers turning westward from the crowded east. Pierce City to-day stands on a little bench over-looking Oro Fino Creek, which winds through the open canon, so wide that it might be called a valley. A row of log houses and shacks made of whipsawed lumber stands on either side of the single street. The population consists of six or seven white men, about 100 Chinamen, and four Chinawomen. It is in fact a Chinese town. The oldest places are worked and reworked by the Mongolians, who manage to make from 50 cents to $1 a day. There is some good ground still held by white men, but there is little work going on except by Chinamen. No less than $7,000,000 in gold has been taken from the camp.

A PECULIAR SOCIETY.

The 'Economites,' or 'Harmonists,' of Pennsylvania.

The death of "Father" Henrici, of the Economist Society, located at Economy, in this state, probably marks an important era in the history of the most remarkable communistic society ever in existence in this country. Other organizations have failed, but the Economites, or the Harmonists, as they are more properly called have been invariably prosperous, until their property is now estimated at many millions of dollars.

The society owes its organization to George Rapp, of Wurtemberg (born 1770, died 1847) who believed that he was called upon to restore Christianity to its primitive condition. He founded the society on the principles of the first Christian society in Jerusalem, when all goods were held in common, and whose first renegades were Ananias and Sapphira, who lied about giving up their whole property, and were killed by the Holy Ghost, as laid down in the Scripture narrative. Rapp also laid down celibacy as a cardinal principle of society, as it would lead to a lessening of the population and a turning away from the fleshy lusts to considerations of a higher and holier type and in imitation of Jesus Christ, much after the ideas recently laid down by Count Leo Tolstoi.

These views did not meet entire success in Germany owing to official oppositions and the society moved in 1805 to Butler county, this state, where they bought land and immediately became prosperous at the settlement called Harmony. Ten years after they sold out and moved to New Harmony, Ind., but conditions did not exactly suit them, and in 1824 they sold out to Robert Owen, who had views of his own and desired to establish a society. The Harmonists returned to Pennsylvania and settled at Economy, a few miles north of Pittsburg, where they have remained ever since and have been very prosperous commercially, but have not met with the expected success in proselyting the world.

Twenty years ago they numbered 1,300 souls; to-day there are only 300 and are fast diminishing, with a prospect that they will be entirely extinguished before long. Of recent years the acquisitions to the society have been largely those whose cupidity have led them to hope for a share of the spoils, but with characteristic foresight the members have been chary of admitting these. Recently the notorious Doctor Teed, of Chicago, tried to get possession of the funds, and it is hinted that the death of Henrici has helped his plans.

The Economites are a trite example of a body of people who having seen some truth clearly, take it for the whole truth and reject others equally patent. Communism of a certain kind may be well enough. It is held by many to be the coming principle of the long promised millennium, when evil shall be cast out and fraternity and equality dominate the human race. The kind of communism practiced by the Economists is entirely different from that preached by the wild agitators in other parts of the world. So far they have been fortunate in having wise leaders who have husbanded their resources and kept the body from dissolution by using some very common sense ideas. But this could not universally prevail in this age, and the Economists have succeeded, not because their ideas were right as a whole, but because the leaders have been able to control the compact organization. Celibacy has kept the numbers down, and deaths have recently been more numerous than acquisitions.—Philadelphia Inquirer.

For fine ball programmes, invitation, wedding and visiting cards, and all kinds of commercial work, maps, checks, billheads, letter and note heads color labels, etc., etc., go to the Victoria Lithograph Co., cor. Yates and Government streets, up stairs; entrance Yates street. Orders taken at the TIMES office. *

THE RIGHT TO VOTE.

To the Editor:—Sir, I would like to ask through your columns our legislators and aldermen an explanation of our right to vote at municipal elections. Does not the Legislature give us the right to vote? And can the Mayor and aldermen take it away when they please? It seems if you cannot pay your taxes at a certain date you cannot vote. One would think the rebate in taxes would be sufficient inducement to pay, and yet our franchise allows a man to vote who pays *no* taxes—renters. Surely it is time we had justice done us. A VOTER.

SCHOOL MATTERS.

To the Editor:—I have read with great interest the many excellent letters on school matters in the press and every word of them, to my mind, has been well written on, the various points taken, excepting one signed "Parent No. 3." The more I read this parent's extraordinary lines, I cannot help but think his pen must have kissed the Blarney stone more than once, for the opposite to what he wrote has proved more correct. Happily there is a little change for the better, and a greater one promised in the Lieutenant-Governor's speech. According to the published letters and my own experience as a parent, I am led to think we have had an odd, cruel system. Has it been possible the majority of the teachers would not learn how to teach, or were they unfitted for the position, or merely shirking their responsibility. The latter soft impeachment seems to be the tone of most of the criticisms.

I would like to suggest that the new graded schools, expected soon to be built, should have high basements, plastered and well ventilated, under the whole building, so that our children can be drilled in winter out of the rain and cold. The temporary rooms in the Central are a poor makeshift. It is strange this overcrowding was not seen before your paper ventilated it; however we must give the trustees a chance. They are proving themselves workers.

Are we to understand that sec. 62 is to be amended. I for one parent sincerely hope it will not be meddled with. Even our atheist friends have become reconciled to the Lord's prayer before lessons, and if the suggested amendment is to be put in force it might cause an uncontrollable agitation to rise that would demand the abolishment of even that one prayer. Now that the excessive home lessons are likely to be reduced to a reasonable standard, the pupils can learn the proposed amendment at home and in Sunday school. They have not been able to take much interest in the church catechism or even the Bible, or anything else for that matter. The reverential words the hon. gentleman has laid down to be said in conjunction with the Lord's prayer would not suit everyone, and never did, although they seem so simple. Besides it being the thin edge of the wedge for separate schools, there is one sentence that has always gone against the grain of thousands of dissenters, although devout Christians; it reads thus: "To order myself lowly and reverently to all my betters." They say that sentence means they are expected to get down on their knees to the "guinea stamp" and shekels. The very idea of stuffing such a sentence as that into our children seems ridiculous in these enlightened days, being brothers and sisters by Adam and Eve. Even if there are any on this earth of finer clay, who can date further back than Adam and Eve? We all agree in being courteous and respectful. Many will ask where is the line to be drawn? Who are our betters? Are we not all born equal; are our public servants our betters, although they act that way after election. No, all history teaches us the greatest minds were the lowliest and most approachable, and would spurn those that thought they were their betters. Outside of that sentence, to mind the prayer is beautiful; but the fact is our schools are too cosmopolitan for any more prayers in that direction.

I think article 7 in the rules and regulations of the Council of Public Instruction might be amended for the special benefit of the new teachers, and those of the high readers of the lower grades. It might be made into the form of a prayer and be delivered by the lady principal, the others to respond and just before school opens, in a room set apart. It might be worded like this: "O Lord, let us practice such discipline as a kind, firm and judicious parent in his family, avoiding corporal punishment excepting it be absolutely and imperatively necessary; bestow upon us sweet dispositions that we may not be too bossy; incline our hearts to obey the trustees; and grant that we may not be sarcastic, cross, cranky, impatient and given to unnecessary scolding; that thou wilt implant in us softer hearts; that thou wilt not give to the male teachers the softest hearts; and our tongues will not be addicted to calling the pupils uncomplimentary names; give us to remember that there are poor, thinly clad children, with miserable homes, as well as the rich, under our care; and that the schools are not penitentiaries, nor the children prisoners; thou knowest we are not teaching for filthy lucre alone; O! we beseech thee to guide our hearts, so that our teaching will be indeed a labor of love, and that it may not be a reign of terror. Amen." PARENT No. 5.

Horse Sale.

Chicago, Jan. 30.—One of the largest breeders' sales of horses that has taken place in this country for some time opened to-day at the Dexter Park Horse Exchange, with the veteran F. J. Berry in the box. It will continue for six days. There is a big California assignment from the farms of L. U. Shippee, including Kilfort, son of the great Bourbon Wilkes, another from the Bourbon stock farm, including Hamlet Wilkes, son of Red Wilkes, and John E. Wood, the Indiana sire. The collection of S. Baxter Black, of Lexington, Ky., and also of Col. O. P. Alford, of the Lexington Stock Farm, will also be put under the hammer. Several hundred horsemen from other states are here to attend the sale, and the bidding promises to be spirited.

The Plain Truth

Is good enough for Hood's Sarsaparilla—there is no need of embellishment or sensationalism. Simply what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story of its merit. If you have never realized its benefits a single bottle will convince you that it is a good medicine.

The highest praise has been won by **Hood's Pills** for their easy, yet efficient action. Sold by all druggists. Price 25 cents.

"PROMPT AND PERMANENT."

RHEUMATISM.—Jan. 17, 1883, GEO. C. OSGOOD & CO., Druggists, Lowell, Mass., U. S. A., wrote: "MR. LEWIS DENNIS, 136 Moody St, desires to say: "ORRIN ROBINSON, a boy of Graniteville, Mass., came to my house in 1881, walking on crutches; his leg was bent at the knee for two months. I gave him

ST. JACOBS OIL

to rub it. In six days he had no use for his crutches and went home cured without them."

Lowell, Mass., U. S. A., July 9, '87: "The crippled boy ORRIN ROBINSON, cured by St. Jacobs Oil in 1881, has remained cured. The young man has been and is now at work every day at manual labor." GEORGE C. OSGOOD, M. D.

IT IS THE BEST.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR

The Celebrated

CHOCOLAT MENIER

Annual Sales Exceed **33 MILLION Lbs.**

For Samples sent Free write to C. ALFRED CHOUILLOU, MONTREAL.

DULUTH

THE DIVISIONAL TERMINUS OF THE CANADA WESTERN RAILWAY, AT DUNCAN'S BAY, VANCOUVER ISLAND.

Duluth has been officially announced to be the Terminus as above.

The first call of $100,000 on the Railway Stock has been fully paid up

The Lots owned by the Railway Company in Duluth are not for sale.

PRICES OF LOTS range from $75 to $750.

TERMS---One-third Cash, one-third in six months, one-third in twelve months Interest on deferred payments.

For particulars apply to

F. G. RICHARDS, Jr., No. 51 Yates St.

Aluminum Alloy Composite

HAS GIVEN ENTIRE SATISFACTION TO

IRON STEEL AND BRASS FOUNDERS.

2½ per cent. added to mixtures of cheap, low-grade metals gives 30 per cent. increased strength, makes hard metal soft, sound, and non crystalizing; prevents blow holes and sponginess.

Aluminum Alloy unites copper with iron and lead with iron and copper, heretofore considered an impossibility.

Price, $5.00 per 100-pound box, $22.00 per barrel of 700 pounds, or $80 per ton.

Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock-Island arsenal, and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.

The Hatsfeld Furnace and Refining Co., Newport, Ky.

Branch offices and deposits: Judson Mfg. Co., San Francisco, Cal.; Lormer & Rose, Montreal and Toronto, Can.; D. W. C. Carroll & Co., Pittsburg, Pa.; Hatfield Steel Foundry Co., England; Southern Steel and Aluminum Alloy Co., Rome, Ga.; J. D. Smith Foundry Supply Co., Cincinnati, Ohio. del-6m

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL PAID UP.....£600,000 $3,000,000.
RESERVE FUND.....£260,000 $1,300,000.

HEAD OFFICE: - - - - - 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND

BRANCHES:

IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON.

IN THE UNITED STATES—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA.

Agents and Correspondents in Canada and the United States:

Bank of Montreal, Canadian Bank of Commerce, Imperial Bank of Canada; Bank of Montreal New York and Chicago.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent. per annum.

Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

NELSON, Kootenay Lake, B.C. This branch is now open for business.

Victoria, B.C., April 4, 1892. ap7-1y W. C. WARD, MANAGER.

GREEN, WORLOCK & CO.,

SUCCESSORS TO GARESCHÉ, GREEN & CO.

Established 1873.

—BANKERS—

VICTORIA, B. C.

Deposits received on liberal rates of interest.

Drafts, Orders, Telegraph Transfers and Letters of Credit issued direct on over 10,000 cities in the United States, Canada, Europe, Mexico and China.

Collections made at every point.

Gold Dust purchased at highest market rates.

—AGENTS FOR—

WELLS, FARGO & COMP'Y

STEAMBOATS.

THE

Northern Pacific

STEAMSHIP COMPANY

IN CONNECTION WITH

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC Railroad Company,

the Shortest Route to

Japan and China.

Proposed Sailing of Steamers:

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION)

WILL LEAVE VICTORIA]

S. S. FLINTSHIRE, February 10th

And thereafter the permanent service of the Company's regular steamers.

For freight or passage apply to

DODWELL, CARLILL & CO., Gen. Agts. Trounce Avenue, Victoria, or

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Agt. N. P. R. R. Co., Victoria. se30

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

Royal Mail Steamship Line.

THE IMPERIAL SHORT ROUTE TO CHINA AND JAPAN.

TABLE OF SAILING.
(Subject to change and individual postponement.)

STEAMSHIPS.	Arrive Victoria About.	Leave Victoria.
Empress of Japan..	.....	Feb. 6, 1893
Empress of China..	Feb. 15, 1893	Mar. 6, "
Empress of India...	Mar. 15, "	Apr. 3, "
Empress of Japan..	Apr. 12, "	.....

And about every month thereafter.

This New Steamship Route between the American Continent and Japan and China is 300 miles shorter than any other route, and as the contract for the carriage of the mails requires a fast speed, the time hitherto taken to reach the Orient has been materially lessened.

TICKETS to and from all points on American, European and Asiatic Continents.

For full particulars apply to ALLAN CAMERON, Agent, Cor. Fort and Government Streets.

GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver, B. C.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after August 23rd, 1892,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

[CALLING AT WAY PORTS]

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday 5 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Valdez Island.....Thursday, 7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria Store street.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

For Honolulu,

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Wednesday, Feb. 15, 1893, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Iron Steamer

Mariposa.....MONDAY, Feb. 3rd, 1893. 8 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the English mails

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO. General Agents.

no2

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 7 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails.

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.

Umatilla - - - - Jan. 28

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 17,

Taking effect April 1, 1892

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday, at 2 o'clock, a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday, at 13 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

LEAVE VICTORIA for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock; Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock

For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.

LEAVE NEW WESTMINSTER for Victoria, Monday at 13 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports on the 1st and 15th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Mande leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the first and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Agent.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE No. 17.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Friday, September 30th, 1892.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

BOUND SOUTH. (READ UP.)

No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Sundays & Sundays.	STATIONS.	Miles from Wellington.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Saturdays & Sundays.
Ar. 12.45 P M	5.30 P M	VICTORIA		Dp. 8.30 A M	Dp. 2.30 P M
12.30	5.15	RUSSELLS	7	8.04	2.34
11.40	4.25	ESQUIMALT	11	8.14	2.44
11.10	4.00	GOLDSTREAM	20	8.39	3.09
10.50	3.40	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	25	8.54	3.25
10.27	3.33	COBBLE HILL	31	9.04	3.34
10.17	3.17	McPHERSON'S	36	9.11	3.41
10.13	3.14	KOKSILAH	38	9.15	3.44
10.03	3.04	DUNCANS	46	9.25	3.54
9.45	2.45	SOMENOS	52	9.41	4.10
9.35	2.35	CHEMAINUS	63	9.55	4.24
8.20	1.14	OYSTER BAY SIDING	73	11.00	5.33
8.10	Dp. 1.30	NANAIMO Ar.		Ar. 12.45 P M	Ar. 6.30
		NANAIMO Dp.		Dp. 12.15 P M	
		WELLINGTON		12.00	

NORTH BOUND. (READ DOWN.)

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter, where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

oct1

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

—AND—

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations etc., call upon or address

TROS A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent, No. 1113 Pacific Ave., Washington Block

E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agt. Tacoma, Wash.

FROM TERMINAL OR INTERIOR POINTS

—THE—

Northern Pacific

RAILROAD

Is the line to take

TO ALL POINTS EAST AND SOUTH.

It is the Dining Car Route.

It runs Through Vestibuled Trains

Every day in the year to St. Paul and Chicago (a change of cars) composed of

DINING CARS, unsurpassed,

PULLMAN DRAWING ROOM SLEEPERS, of latest equipment,

TOURIST SLEEPING CARS, best that can be constructed, and in which accommodations are Free to holders of First or Second-class tickets, and

—ELEGANT DAY COACHES—

A Continuous Line connecting with all lines affording direct and uninterrupted service.

Pullman Sleeper reservation can be secured in advance through any agent of the road.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and from all points in America, England and Europe, can be purchased at any ticket office of this Company.

Full information concerning rates, time of trains, routes and other details furnished on application to any agent.

Puget Sound and Alaska Division.

SPEED 18 knots — Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON." — TONNAGE 1117

8 00 am	Lv	MI	...*Tacoma...	110	Ar	5 15 am
10 15 am	Lv	28	....Seattle....	82	Lv	3 00 am
1 30 pm	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend	38	Lv	11 45 pm
4 30 pm	Ar	110	...Victoria!...	MI	Lv	8 30 pm

Steamers City of Kingston and City of Seattle make connections at Port Townsend for passengers from Bellingham Bay points to Victoria and return.

Whatcom Route. S.S. CITY OF SEATTLE.

6 00 pm	Lv	MI	. ‖Tacoma ...	132	Ar	4 30 pm
9 00 pm	Lv	28	.... Seattle....	100	Lv	2 30 pm
12 15 am	Lv	72	Pt. Townsend.	55	Lv	11 30 am
2 45 am	Lv	101	.. Anacortes ..	21	Lv	9 15 am
7 45 am	Ar	123	.. Fairhaven .	3	Lv	8 00 am
6 10 am	Ar	131	... Sehome ...	1	Lv	7 30 am
4 30 am	Ar	132	...Whatcom ..	MI	Lv	6 00 am

‖Close connections with Northern Pacific trains from Portland and San Francisco.

Steamers City of Kingston and City of Seattle make close connections at Tacoma wharf with trains to and from Portland, and with the east and west bound overland trains.

Port Townsend Mail Route.

	Lv	MI			Ar	
11 00 pm	Lv	28	...*Seattle....	58	Ar	3 00 pm
12 30 am	Lv	39	.Port Madison	47	Lv	2 10 pm
	Lv	45	.. Kingston...	41	Lv	
3 00 am	Lv	49	.Port Gamble.	21	Lv	11 00 am
4 00 am	Lv	73	.Port Ludlow.	13	Lv	10 00 am
6 00 am	Ar	86	‖Pt. Townsend	MI	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Sunday.
† Daily except Saturday.
‖ Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, B. C.

A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, 122 First St., cor Washington, Portland, Or.

AUCTION SALES.

JOHNSON & CO.

Are favored with instructions to sell BY AUCTION at their Saleroom, on

Tuesday, the 31st Inst.,

40 LOTS

Adjoining the Railway Junction Townsite,

Three miles only from Victoria, to which point the car line will be extended this coming spring, which when done will place the property within 20 minutes of the post office.

Also at the same time and place will be offered ten 5 and 20 acre blocks at **Saanich.** This property is within 5 minutes walk of the proposed Railroad Station at Saanich, the right of way of which road is now being cleared, construction to follow immediately. The property adjoins the Agricultural Hall, Orange Hall, Race Grounds, and the New Hotel, which is now complete and ready for guests, and the new Saw Mill being in full operation. Good roads, good schools and English church and good society, are some of the attractions of this the acknowledged garden spot of Victoria. For further particulars and conditions see the Auctioneer.

D. JOHNSON.
ja13-td 58 Broad Street.

JOHNSON & CO.

ARE THE AUCTIONEERS TO CONSULT

If you want to sell Realty, Furniture, Steamboat, Launch, Vessel, or Merchandise of any and every kind.

Will sell on commission or advance money.

58 BROAD STREET.
ja1-tf

Mr. Wanamaker's New Departure.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 20.—Postmaster-General John Wanamaker will create something of an innovation in official life this evening by giving a reception at his residence to the employees and attaches of every department of the postoffice department, as well as of the local postoffice. The event will be preceded by a dinner, to which quite a number of the friends of the Postmaster-General and his wife have been invited. This is the first reception of the kind that has ever been given by a member of the Cabinet, and it is expected to form an interesting precedent that will be extensively followed in years to come.

Big Lumber Deal.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Jan. 30.—At 7 o'clock last night the papers were signed in a deal transferring about 500,000,000 feet of standing pine around Leech Lake, in this state, from the St. Anthony Lumber Company, to a syndicate of lumbermen headed by Frederick Wyderhauser, of this city. The consideration was slightly above two million, and with the lumber is transferred the Cross Lake logging railway, with all its equipment and franchises. This railroad is six miles long. During the last few years the annual cut of St. Anthony has been about 40,000,000 feet and there is lumber enough in this deal to keep the plant in operation for ten years.

The only instance when two trains can pass on the same track.

When a bicyclist goes at top speed he calls it a spin.—Quips.

Musical bars are no barriers to the man who "breaks out in song."—Boston Courier.

Talk about your transformations! We have seen a square man turn round.—Yonkers Statesman.

Light-fingered people are frequently found trifling with the keys of an upright piano.—New Orleans Picayune.

"Mamma did the hen burst a flew?" asked little Johnny when he saw a broken wing.—Binghamton Republican.

The man who erects a large building on a very small lot does so because he is shortsited.—Rochester Democrat.

When a woman gives her husband a good talking to he realizes what is meant by presents of mind.—Binghamton Leader.

Rosalie—"Is your fiance generous?" Grace—"Well I should say so. He's just mortgaged his house to buy me a ring."—Vogue.

Miss McDonough—"Phy did yes lave yer last place?" Miss McGoogan—"Oi cudn't shtand the missus' cookin'!"—Washington Star.

Amy—"Why, Mabel, you haven't any mistletoe hung up." Mabel—"O, Fred never seems to need any."—Browning, King & Co's Monthly.

It may take sixty-eight measurements to constitute a beautiful woman; but one span about the waist makes a happy man.—New York Herald.

Miss Roxy Golddust—"Would you think I was more than 20?" Upson Downes (evasively)—I think you are more than all the world—to me."—Puck.

Making Sure.—She—"Then you'll take me for a drive on Thursday?" He—"Yes; but suppose it rains?" She—"Come the day before, then."—Brooklyn Life.

A lie gets over the ground rapidly, and if ever one slackens its speed some fellow is at hand to oil its bearings and give it a fresh start.—New York World.

The man who can play cards, with his wife as a partner, and never scrowl during an entire evening, may as well order his halo at once.—Boston Transcript.

"I catch a cold every time I spend a night in one of those infernal sleeping cars," said Smith. "A Pullmanary trouble," observed Brown.—Philadelphia Record.

The joints and muscles are so lubricated by Hood's Sarsaparilla that all rheumatism and stiffness soon disappear. Try it.

FROM THE INTERIOR.

Up Country Happenings as Reported by Exchanges.

From the Golden Era.]

We are informed that things are looking remarkably well on the Thunder Hill mine, and that in the early spring there will by a plenty of concentrates for shipment.

We hear that more than usual activity prevails in and around Fort Steele this winter. One reason being the development which is taken place on the North Star and another that the engineers of the B. C. Southern Railway are busily engaged making surveys for the new line. This looks very hopeful for that section of B. C.

This week several very fine mountain sheep heads have been sent to Calgary to receive attention at the hands of the taxidermist there. It is very evident that sport has been good and the sportsmen numerous, as we have heard again and again during the last few months of phenomenal success in this line.

During the week the town has been fairly alive with the arrival and departure of teams and teamsters. The object has been to fetch from Golden, the natural distributing point, supplies for the use of the upper country inhabitants. The Thunder Hill Mining Company seems to be well cared for as three four horse teams left on Tuesday, laden with supplies for them, and on Saturday last the Messrs. McKay pulled out with three more teams, having the honor of hauling similar outfits for Mr. Kimpton, of Windermere, and a day or so before mining machinery was to be seen en route to Fort Steele.

From the Kamloops Sentinel.

The ice harvest cannot yet be said to be begun. A few stray loads for private ice houses have been gathered, but the weather has been unfavorable owing to severe cold accompanied by high wind.

Reports are coming in from Grand Prairie, that Messrs. Blair & Hamer, who are running the tunnel at the Silver Bow, on Six Mile Creek, have struck the ledge and have a fine showing of ore.

Commencing with Monday, Jan. 30, and until further notice, trains will be run on the Shuswap & Okanagan branch of the C. P. R. on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. The trains will run according to present schedule, making close connection with main line trains.

A letter from Ottawa gives the gratifying information that the Geological Survey Department have decided to make an examination of the North Thompson country next year, and that Mr. R. G. McConnell will very likely be assigned to the duty. A large party will be outfitted at Kamloops and will spend time in the vicinity of Mosquito Flat, or wherever else any discoveries have been made. The intention is to cross to the mica mines, and the Canoe river, and to come down that way if canoes can be obtained. Some one who knows the country will be engaged to accompany the party as a guide.

On Tuesday, James Behan, was arrested charged with appropriating an overcoat at the Grand Pacific Hotel. He was sentenced to four months imprisonment in the Kamloops gaol at hard labor. On the day before, he had finished serving out a previous sentence. On Saturday, Jan. 21, Charles, a Shuswap Indian, charged with pointing a rifle at and threatening to shoot Jean D'Arc St. Lamont, was convicted under the act respecting the improper use of firearms, and sentenced to $20 or 30 days imprisonment in Kamloops gaol at hard labor. On Monday, Jan. 23rd, a man giving the name of C. W. Davis, was brought in from Revelstoke by Officer J. Kirkup, arrested on telegram for burglarising the Oriental Hotel, Kamloops, on Sunday morning. He was committed to stand trial at the next court of competent jurisdiction.

Alex. McKenzie was found dead yesterday morning near the old Hudson's Bay store. He had boarded at the Cosmopolitan Hotel, but had not been seen since Monday morning. Diligent inquiries had been made for him by Mr. Ratchford, and it was finally surmised that he had gone to Ashcroft or some other place outside of town, although he had given no intimation to any one of an intention to leave. He had been afflicted with a pain in the head, a long standing complaint, and had been in the hospital here and again at Victoria seeking relief from his malady. He had quite recently been suffering from it, and it is now remembered that last Sunday evening he paced too and fro on the hotel veranda, apparently in pain and unrest. It is believed that his death was caused by the crisis in this head trouble, which induced him to wander and perhaps lie down to rest. The weather was not severe on Monday. He lay outstretched, and there were no evidences of struggle, and when found he was closely packed in the snow which had drifted around him. Mr. McKenzie was an old Cariboo man and miner, and recently had been employed by Roadmaster Stevenson as an overseer of road construction. He was not known as a drinking man. He was a Scotchman, and is not believed to have had any relatives in this country. He had a few hundred dollars on deposit in the Bank of B. C.

From the Revelstoke Star.]

It is probable that the Revelstoke smelter will be in active operation before next winter. Mr. A. H. Holdich, chemical engineer, has received a communication from the office of the Smelter Co. in London, Eng., authorizing him to inspect the premises at once and forward a report as to the repairs and additions required to put the smelter in complete working order.

The weather has been very variable during the week. Saturday it snowed, Sunday was fine, Monday was warm, and a thaw set in, with the mercury several degrees above freezing. Tuesday rain threatened, but later in the day the weather hardened, and it began to freeze. Wednesday was ushered in by an icy breeze from the North Pole, which developed into a stinger, and that night the mercury dropped to zero. On Thursday the wind was less, but the thermometer is still fooling with the zero cypher.

It will be remembered that ten head of cattle belonging to Hull Bros., strayed off into the mountains last July. Six were brought back a few days before the snow fell in November, but the other four were never seen. This week two of them were discovered at Abrahamson's ranch, five or six miles down river. They were very thin and very fierce, having eked out an existence for ever two months upon such scanty food as cedar and pine branches and often buried in snow. One of them died shortly after; the other is being fed.

A meeting was held on Wednesday evening to discuss the question of the townsite difficulty, and to see if any possible plan could be devised whereby this long-pending dispute might be settled. It was contended by several speakers that the Dominion Government had been very supine in the matter; that the dispute could have been settled one way or the other years ago; that Mr. Mara, M.P., had been very remiss in his duty, having never addressed a Revelstoke audience since his election; that he had made no efforts at Ottawa to hasten the settlement of this grievance; that a strongly-worded communication on the subject should be forwarded to him; and that it was a great drawback to a town to be situated in the forty-mile railway belt. But after considerable discussion the following resolutions were carried:

"That a committee be appointed to communicate with the Provincial Government, through our member, (Mr. Kellie), and, if possible, ascertain the facts as to what progress (if any) has been made towards settlement of the Revelstoke townsite dispute."

"That the committee draw up a petition to the Dominion Government asking that $15,000 be appropriated for the purpose of protecting the town from the encroachments of the Columbia river."

"That committee ask the Dominion Government for the right to reserve, for the benefit of the town, the stream of water flowing past the Righton Brewery."

"That Messrs. H. N. Coursier, T. L. Haig and R. W. Northey be appointed the committee to carry out the wishes of the meeting."

In Calvary Church.

The mantle of snow that fell during Saturday evening and which lay with surpassing loveliness over the city and district caused a perceptible diminution in the congregations at Herald street yesterday. Yet the somewhat unusual circumstance of snow in Victoria appears to have met as many sympathizers as opponents. The schoolboy, with visions of snowballs, greets it. The owner of sleighs hopes to hear the jingle of bells as with fresh and frolicsome horses he skims merrily along. The trees and bushes hold out their boughs, branches and leaves and sturdily bear the extra burden the white-robed messengers impose. The preacher, Rev. J. E. Coombes, caught the inspiration from the weather in his sermon yesterday morning. The text was Psalm 51, 7—"Wash me and I shall be whiter than snow." Drawing very beautiful comparisons and analogies between the spiritual and the natural as deduced from the fleeting, treacherous, seemingly pure snow and the state of mankind in the sight of God, he urged that all unsaved persons should be washed and purged by the cleansing and purifying power of the grace of God. The afternoon service was of an evangelical character, and one more of the scholars expressed a "willingness to know God." Before commencing his evening discourse the preacher apologized for deviating from the theme he had proposed to discuss. Urged by the Spirit of God, he felt bound to preach from a different text than he had originally intended. Numbers 21, 5-9 was therefore chosen as a theme, which relates the plague of the fiery serpents and the uplifted serpent of brass. Men had been bitten by the fiery serpent of sin. On every hand evidences of the venomous, deadly nature of this serpent were to be seen. For such the Son of God was uplifted. "For as Moses lifted up the serpent in the wilderness, even so must the Son of Man be lifted up, that whosoever believeth in Him should not perish, but have eternal life." Those who looked at the brazen serpent lived, and those who look at Jesus Christ crucified for them would be eternally saved. There will be a meeting this evening at the usual hour, and Tuesday evening will probably close the special services, when a thanksgiving offering will be taken.

Music and Smoke.

The lacrosse boys smoker and concert at the Driard Saturday night was one of the best entertainments ever given in the city. The club room was crowded to the doors, making it a financial success as well. Foster Macgurn acted as chairman. William Burnes and Jack Hyland arranged the entertainment, and great credit is due them. The club has promised to repeat the concert at an early date. Here is the programme:

Song ..... Mr F Wollaston
Song ..... Mr H Rhodes
Song ..... Mr Martin
Recitation ..... Mr D Tudhope
Song ..... Mr I Philo
Quartette ..... Messrs Kent, Kingham, Manning and Wollaston
Song ..... Mr Davis
Orchestra selection ..... Messrs Brown and Richardson
Recitation ..... Mr Allen
Song ..... Mr Hood
Comic song ..... Mr Wells
Reading ..... Messrs Boyd and Allen
Song ..... Mr Boyd
Song ..... Mr Manning
Song ..... P Wollaston
"A Kansas incident" ..... Mr Wm Brown
Instrumental solo ..... Mr Willie Brown
Violin solo ..... Mr Richardson, accompanist
..... Mr Keith Middleton

Pearl Fisheries Leased.

CINALOA, Mex., Jan. 30.—The California Bay Pearl Fishing Company has leased from the Mexican Government for 16 years, the pearl fisheries comprised between the mouth of the Colorado river and Cape San Lucas, on the east coast of Lower California, and between the port of Mazatlan and the Barra Desuciate, on the Pacific coast of the mainland, with the exception of the Ensenada de Chamela fisheries. The consideration is the payment by the company of $30 per ton of pearl oysters during the first three years and $12 per ton during the remaining 13 years of the lease. The fisheries are to be divided into two parts, to be worked alternately every two years thus preventing the exhausting of the beds. The Company further binds itself to avoid the use of destructive methods of fishing, and to protect and extend the oyster beds, and to introduce improved breeds, such as the Tahiti oyster or other superior varieties.

Gentlemen

Razors and shaving materials of best Sheffield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Blue, white and gray enamelled iron ware at Weiler Bros.

SEALERS' OUTFITS

—A SPECIALTY.—

B. Williams & Co.,

CLOTHIERS & HATTERS,

97 Johnson St.

GOOD VALUE. LOW PRICES.

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Ltd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.).

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes). | **THE SOUTH FIELD COAL** (Steam Fuel).

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL

House and Steam Coal are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite, especially for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal; makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay where ships of the lagest tonnag are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

Dec. 30.

Victoria's Leading Merchants

TRADERS :-: AGENTS :-: PRODUCERS

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL,
64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

The Conservatory of Music.
MISS L. ADAMS, PRINCIPAL.
97 Quadra street,
Competent and Experienced Staff of Teachers
SINGING, HARMONY, PIANO, ORGAN VIOLIN, MANDOLIN & GUITAR.
Applications to be made to the Principal.

CHAS. E. REDFERN
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER
Chronometers rated by Transit Observations.
NO. 43 GOVERNMENT STREET.

FINE COMMERCIAL PRINTING
At moderate charges, at
Cohen's Printing Office
Telephone 192.
36 FORT STREET.

The Finest FAMILY Grocery Establishment in B.C. is that of
HENRY SAUNDERS
39 & 41 JOHNSON STREET.
Give him a call and inspect his well selected stock of Fine Groceries and Table Luxuries.

WHOSE FAULT IS IT
that your advertisement is not
IN THE TIMES?

MUNROE MILLER,
Printer and Binder.
77 Johnson Street.

Are You In It?
The best investment a business man can make is a judicious expenditure in newspaper advertising. It is better than real estate. If only a small ad. is wanted try a card in this column.

New England Bakery.
116 AND 118 GOVERNMENT ST.
The New New England Bakery and Restaurant is
Now Open Day and Night
AT THE OLD STAND.
THREE DINING ROOMS FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.
The Finest in the City. Meals at all hours. Telephone Call 161.
YOUNG BROS.

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,
The Leading Opticians. 100 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.
A. HYAMS - - Manager

GOING TO
Jewelers or so called Opticians for Glasses is equivalent to going to a blacksmith for Jewelry. If your vision is defective consult the
ONLY OPTICIANS
F. W. Nolte & Co.
(Successors to Hyams)
ORT STREET

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)
Funeral Director and Embalmer,
Government street Victoria.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

Persons having accounts against the Schr. Agnes McDonald, will present them not later than the 15th proxime.

BROWN BROS.
January 25th, 1893.—1w

NOTICE.

Two bay horses have been running in the enclosures on the ranch of the undersigned at Pike Lake, Highland District. If the same are not claimed in 10 days from the date of this notice, and all expenses paid, they will be sold by public auction. Both horses are branded. Application to be made at 51 Langley Street, Victoria.

HENRY DUMBLETON.
January 21st, 1893.—1f

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890."

Notice is hereby given that Edward Black Carmichael and James Paterson, both of the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, carrying on business under the firm name of "Carmichael & Paterson" as dealers in boots and shoes, have assigned all their real and personal property (except as in the assignment reserved) to Henry Meyers Yates of the said City of Victoria, Insurance Agent, in trust for the purpose of paying and satisfying the claims of all creditors of the said Carmichael & Paterson rateably and proportionately and without preference or priority. The said deed is dated the 12th day of January, A.D. 1893, and was executed by the said Assignors and the said Trustees on the 12th day of January, A.D. 1893.

YATES, JAY & RUSSELL,
22 Bastion Street, Victoria B. C.,
Solicitors for the Trustee.
Dated this 13th day of January, A.D. 1893.
ja13-1m

"Land Registry Act."

Section Fifteen (15), Range One East, South Saanich District, excepting three acres thereof as described in a conveyance dated the 16th day of January, 1873, and made between George Thomas, of the one part, and Alexander Caulfield Anderson and William Thomson, of the other part.

A Certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above property will be issued to George Thomas on the first day of March, 1893, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said property, or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT,
Registrar-General.
Land Registry Office,
Victoria, 23rd November, 1892. n25-3m

If You Think any kind of a crop will do, then any kind of seeds will do; but for the best results you should plant
FERRY'S SEEDS.
Always the best, they are recognized as the standard everywhere.
Ferry's Seed Annual is the most important book of the kind published. It is invaluable to the planter. We send it free.
D. M. FERRY & CO.
WINDSOR, Ont.

SNOWFLAKE
FLOUR
—::— FOR FAMILY USE, —::—
IS THE BEST.
Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other
Manufactured by
ISOM LANNING & CO
ALBANY, OREGON.

TO DEPOSITORS

The British Columbia Land & Investment Agency, Ld.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

Paid up Capital, $250,000. Reserve, $80,000.

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

ja19-1m

The Stanley House

NOTWITHSTANDING the big sales advertised by some of the merchants, we are doing a good business and will continue to do so, for the simple reason that every one who examines our Stock can see at once that the goods are as cheap (except the lines that are cheaper) as any house in the City.

Our Winter Stock, such as Jackets, Millinery, Furs and Heavy Dress Goods, we are selling regardless of cost at prices below anything before offered.

The celebrated Bretange and Gascogne Kid Gloves, manufactured by Perrin, Freres & Co., (the acknowledged best Kid Glove manufactured in the world) we are selling at $1.00 and $1.25, every pair of which we guarantee.

To make room for the large stock now being purchased by MR. HAMPSON in Europe, we will offer for the next 30 days some of the Best Goods at the Lowest Prices ever seen in Victoria Do not fail to see our Stock before making your purchases.

W. S. HAMPSON & CO

Stanley House,

CORNER FORT AND DOUGLAS STS.

MONEY TO LOAN

On Improved Property at Moderate Rates of Interest.

STRAIGHT LOANS FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

—APPLY TO THE—

North British Canadian Investment Co.

LIMITED,

ARTHUR ROBERTSON,

oc8 Agent, 6 Bastion Square, Victoria.

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR,

Largest Stock of New Goods and at very Low Prices.

Fresh Importations by Every Steamer.

T. S. FUTCHER,

Importer and Retailer.

41 FORT ST., VICTORIA, B. C

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital

Eye and Ear.

DR. O. M. JONES, late clinical assistant a Moorefield Ophthalmic Hospital, London, Tuesdays.

DR. MARK S. WADE, Fridays.

Will attend to Free Patients, on Tues- Fridays at 9 a. m. of each week, at ospital.

H. M. YATES, Secretary

a10-1

Argyle House.

10 per cent. Discount off all kinds of Blankets.

J. Horner & Co.

GUM BOOTS AND LEGGINGS

AT

ERSKINE'S

COR. Government and ohnson Streets.

To Investigate a Slander.

The Kingston brought as a passenger Saturday afternoon a Mr. J. E. Gaylord, of Butte, Mont. Mr. Gaylord is a prosperous business man of the Montana city and father of Mrs. A. J. Davis, the daughter-in-law of John A. Davis, the man killed by an accidental fall at the Driard last week. Mr. Gaylord came to Victoria to investigate and refute the charge of murder made against his daughter by several sensation loving papers throughout the country, and to look into the source from whence it came. A good portion of the matter will probably come out at an investigation before the police committee of Sergeant Levin at 4 o'clock this afternoon. Sergeant Levin was suspended on Saturday evening by Chief of Police Sheppard for insubordination. He had in his possession certain telegrams believed to be addressed to a newspaper correspondent, bearing on the case, and upon which he did some work as a police officer. The chief, it seems, demanded the telegrams and Mr. Levin declined to give them up. He was forthwith suspended. The investigation this afternoon will be with closed doors.

A TIMES man saw Mr. Gaylord this morning. He was not disposed to say much. However, he pronounced the charge against his daughter as infamous. He said that he was going to sift the case to bedrock and his quiet determined manner gave ample evidence that he will. He has retained counsel.

The aldermen who constitute the new police committee are Belyea, chairman, Bragg and McTavish.

For first-class plumbing go to Thomas's, 48 Government Street, opposite Redfern's. J. L. Stamford, Manager. *

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—A girl for general house work. Apply 95 Herald Street. ja30-3t

FOR SALE—Eight roomed house and lot. 68 feet frontage on Hillside Avenue, near fountain. $2150 cash. Apply R. C. Russell, 45 Hillside Avenue. ja30-4

GOOD CHANCE FOR PROFITABLE INVESTMENT.

FOR SALE,

Albion Hotel, Vancouver, B.C.

Ground rent, $40 per month. Lease to run 5 years. Reason for selling:—Necessity of personal attendance to proprietor's brewery.

TO BE SOLD AT AUCTION

FEBRUARY 6th, 1893.

ja30-td

PHILHARMONIC HALL

SATURDAY & WEDNESDAY

February 4th and 8th.

The Thrilling Scotch Drama,

The Rose of Ettrick Vale

Will be presented by the members of

SEGHERS COUNCIL No. 85, Y. M. I.

Assisted by the best local talent.

Prof. E. Pferdner's Orchestra has been secured.

ADMISSION, 50c. and 75c.

Auction, Tuesday, Jan. 31, 11 a.m.

FURNITURE, ETC.

I have been instructed by Mrs. W. H. Routledge to sell by auction at her residence, 115 Humboit and Park Streets, all her well-kept furniture, consisting of:

Drawing room suite (seven pieces)—Conversation chair, 2 gipsy tables, cane arm chair, fancy rocking chair, 2 occasional tables, 1 large bronze lamp, whatnot, easel and picture, 1 large mantel glass with brackets, 3 pair vases and ornaments, 8 fine engravings and etchings, 1 brass curb, fire irons and coal scuttle, brass kettle and stand, 1 pair fancy lace curtains and pole, 1 velvet pile carpet with border, 3 skin rugs, Brussels rugs, handsome gas chandelier.

DINING ROOM—Dining table, 1 Vienna settee and 6 chairs, 1 sideboard, wine and claret glasses, decanters, liquor set, fancy dishes, etc., claret basket, 7 engravings and etchings, 1 Brussels carpet with border, Sunny Hearth stove, rugs.

STUDY—Writing tables, book case, chairs, rocker, walnut table, jug, tray and glasses, International Encyclopædia (15 vols.), standard poets' works (10 vols.), 1 atlas, 1 Webster dictionary, lot novels, letter press, clips, etc., curtains and poles, engravings.

BEDROOMS—2 furnished bedrooms, with bed room suites, mattresses, pillows, etc., complete; toilet sets, carpets, curtains, rugs, mirrors, lounge, etc.

Hall carpets, linoleums, hat stand and lamp.

Croquet set.

KITCHEN—1 fine Model Range, No. 8, step adder, garden tools, wheelbarrow, hose.

Two thoroughbred Irish Terrier's, (Paddy and Biddy), 1 thoroughbred St. Bernard (female), prize winner.

Goods may be seen on Monday afternoon from 2 to 5 p.m.

GEO. BYRNES, Auctioneer.

ja28

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE.

Tribute to the Late Premier—The Address in Reply

SECOND DAY.

JANUARY 30, 1893.

The Speaker took the chair at 2:15.

THE LEADER'S TRIBUTE.

Before the regular business of the day was taken up, Mr. Davie rose to pay a tribute to the late Premier, Hon. John Robson. Since the House was last in session a new Government had assumed the reins of power. The last Government ceased to exist with the death of that worthy leader, the late Hon. John Robson. At the time of his death he was engaged in arranging matters of interest to the province with the Imperial Government. He had been called to London by the Imperial Government, an honor that had never before been conferred on a provincial premier. The service ordered to be held in St. Martin's by Her Majesty was a fitting close to the services he had rendered to British Columbia. In the death of Mr. Robson the province lost a man of singular merit and unexcelled uprightness. As leader of the Government he hoped to merit the general support that the late Government received.

Mr. Beaven was sure that all felt the loss that the Province had sustained by the death of Hon. John Robson. Although he had differed with him on many subjects, he was sure that Mr. Robson did what he thought was for the best interests of the Province. He could not express the greatest admiration for the new government. The honorable the president of the council was much better qualified to lead the government of the province than the Attorney General. He was not dissappointed with one of the first acts of the new government, to which he would refer at a later date. It was a most unfitting prelude for a new government. He could hardly believe, however, that it was a government action. A ministerial explanation was necessary, and should have been made by the Attorney-General. He would judge by this first act of the Government that it was not fit to carry on the business of the Province.

Mr. Brown, on behalf of the Independents, also referred to the death of the late Premier.

REPLY TO THE SPEECH.

Mr. Watt moved the address in reply to the speech from the throne. He thought it was fitting in him to refer to the late premier. Mr. Robson came to the province with the other gold searchers. But his ability found a wider scope and he steadily rose from a member of the House to the premiership of the province. He met his fate in the capital of the Empire, where he had gone in the interest of the province. It must be gratifying to all to know that the credit of the province is very good and the revenue was materially increased. Of course the expenditure has increased with the revenue. One of the most prominent resources of the country is its mineral fields, and it was these that brought the early pioneers of the province. It is to be regretted that these industries have not been as prosperous as in former years. He believed that there is more gold in Cariboo at present than there has been taken out, and besides this the district has good agricultural land and cattle ranches. There are many parts of the province that are adapted to the growth of fruit, and British Columbia should become a fruit-growing county. He need not speak of the necessity of a good exhibit from the province at the Chicago World's Fair, as this was a necessity. There is also a necessity of a good quarantine station and the strict enforcement of a quarantine law. He was sure the intention of the Government to improve the public schools would receive the support of all. It is very unfortunate that the Provincial and the Dominion Governments are having trouble over the railway belt. Every member should support the Government in maintaining provincial rights and although the provincial is the weaker party in the struggle he felt sure that they would succeed in maintaining their rights. He was sure that the Government would deal justly and fairly with all parts of the province in the redistribution bill. One of the most perplexing question is that of capital and labor, and the Government is acting wisely in trying to solve it. Last year's epidemic makes it necessary for provincial organization and the formation of a provincial board of health. Everything should be done to prevent the introduction of disease and the spread of it. The establishment of a home for the aged and infirm had been advocated by him for many years. Many men who came here a quarter of a century ago and made the province what it is are now broken in health and wealth and the province should care for them. There should be two homes in different parts of the province. The homes should be built in healthy and comfortable localities while the inmates could spend their time profitably. He was sure the speech showed that the Government intended to do the best for the province.

Mr. Croft seconded the address. Before going into the details of the speech he referred to the death of the late Premier, whom, he said, "died, as it were, on the field of battle." Mr. Croft referred to the different subjects mentioned in the speech.

The debate was still in progress.

The concert which was to have been held at St. Saviour's church to-night is postponed till Monday, Feb. 6th, on account of the inclemency of the weather.

The concert arranged for the evening of Wednesday, Feb. 1st in the Y.M.C.A. has been postponed till the following Wednesday, Feb. 8th.

J. D. Byrne, of Vancouver District, Deputy Grand President of the Young Men's Institute, Pacific jurisdiction, arrived down on Saturday evening. He will address the members of Seghers Council, No. 85, this evening on the great advantages to be derived from membership in the order.

Dog collars and chains at McLennan & McFeely's. *

DIED.

AIKMAN—On Sunday, the 29th inst., Constance Wilhelmina, eldest daughter of H. R. W. Aikman, Esquire, aged 19 years and 10 months.

The funeral will take place Wednesday, from the family residence, 23 Montreal Street, James Bay, at 10 o'clock a.m., and St. Andrew's Cathedral, View Street, at 10.30 a.m.

I have handled $50,000 worth of business during 1892, and my accounts balance!!

I have also handled $50,000 worth of business during 1892, and MY accounts balance.

But I am Sick

OF DOING BUSINESS THAT WAY.

A balance is a handy thing to have in any business, but it should consist in part at least of

A BANK ACCOUNT

Finding that my balance consists entirely of Real Estate, I have resolved to endeavor to even up things a little. For this purpose I am offering the following

AWFUL SLAUGHTER

Seven-Room House—Lot 60x120, on Oak Bay avenue—selling for $2,600; $500 cash, balance on time at 8 per cent. New price, $2,500.

Six-Room House—Lot 28x60, on James Bay. Price, $850; $250 cash, balance on time at 8 per cent. New price, $800.

Eight Room House—Lot 50x127, on Stanley Avenue. Price $2,700; $500 cash, balance on terms to suit. New price $2,600.

Eleven-Room House—Lot 50x127, on Stanley Avenue. Price $7,500. New price $6,500. Terms to suit. This is a most desirable residence, containing all the most modern conveniences—hot and cold water, electric bell, perfect ventilation and sanitation—in fact, a home which will meet the approbation of the most exacting. A chance in a thousand.

Three Six-Room Houses—Lot 60x100 in Victoria West, Price, $1,500 each. New price $1,250. All on time at low rate of interest.

Two Five-Room Cottages—Lots 60x100, in Victoria West. Price $1,150 each. New price, $900; on time; favorable terms.

Twenty-five lots in Victoria West, only one mile from the post office. Streets all graded and sidewalks laid; most desirable residence property, selling at from $150 to $300 each. New prices $100 to $200, to clear off a long list.

One Lot 60x120, with Four-Room Cottage, on Oak Bay Avenue. Price $1500. New price $1,100.

One Six-Room House—Lot 60x120, near Jubilee Hospital. Old price $2,500. New price $2,000.

D. R. YOUNG,

Land and Building Broker, No. 9 Trounce Avenue.

ja15

The British Columbia Corporation,

LIMITED,

Capital, - $1.500,000.

ADVANCES made on approved Mortgages and other Securities.

ROBERT WARD & CO., LIMITED LIABILITY,

Managers and Agents,

WHARF STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

ja25-10t

JUST RECEIVED

Ex "Ariadne," "Lizzie Bell," and "Irvine," large consignments of

★ PAINTS ★

direct from the manufacturers, which we are selling at Low Prices.

LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO THE TRADE.

We carry the most complete line of Coach Colors, Varnishes, and Paints in the Province.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF

Cor. Yates and Broad Streets, Victoria, B.C.

TELEPHONE 682. P.O. BOX

The Mammoth Pittsburg Lamp. This is the only satisfactory Lamp in the market.

For Hotels, Stores, Etc., its lighting propensities are unsurpassed.

THE SEHL-HASTIE-ERSKINE CO.